**श्रीदर्गिद अर्केना हेश द्वा** 

The Sutra "Recalling the Exalted Three Jewels"

ধ্বন:ক্রিবাস্ত্রীর:ক্রুনঝ'লাট্টম'ঝইনি

Śākyamuni Liturgy: "Treasury of Blessings"

শ্বশ্বস্থ্যা মঠি শ্ব্ৰাশ্বর্থী Homages and Offerings to the Arhat Elders



Palyul Changchub Dargyeling Ohio Damchö Rinchen

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Śākyamuni Buddha

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# স্থাবেধনাধ্যমন্মানীধ্যমন্ত্রীশ্বরিক্তিনাধ্যম্ভামত্রশ্বমান্ত্রীশ্বমান্ত্রশ্ব

ત્યન વાર્ષ ત્રા કે કાર્યા કરે કાર્યા કાર્ય

क्ष्मी सूराश्चेर्द्रसार्गारराचलेबासुबासुवासदी।

om nangsid namdak rangshyin lhündrub pé Om! Appearance and existence are completely pure, their nature spontaneously perfect

नगाः नेशः र्सेन्यशः नसुतेः लेटः इन्तत्वाशः यः धी।

tashi chokchü shying na shukpa yi In the auspicious realms of the ten directions

Nरशः मुशः केंशः ५८: ५वो : तर्व : तसवाशः पतः केंवाशा

sangye chödang gendün pakpé tsok Where the Buddha, Dharma, and noble Saṅgha dwell.

गुरुषाध्वाप्तर्क्षयाचन्वारुवाच्याःविश्वःर्वेवा

künla chaktsal dakchak tashi shok Bowing in homage, may everything be auspicious for us all!

र्श्वेव अते कुषार्थ स्थानहवर्षेव स्वुन द्वेदशा

drönmé gyalpo tsalten döndrub gong Drönmé Gyalpo, Tsalten Döndrup Gong,

व्यथात्रपुर्ये स्थात्र व्याचित्र स्थान्यात्र स्थाप्

**jampé gyenpal gédrak paldampa** Jampé Gyen Pal, Gedrak Paldampa,

गुराय दर्वेद्रयाय कु केर व्यव्यय य उद्या

künla gongpa gyacher drakpa chen Kün La Gongpa Gyacher Drakpa Chen,

खूब में खूर तसवाय स्या वावाय राय प्रा

Ihünpo tarpak tsaldrak paldang ni Lhünpo Tar Paktsal Drakpal, श्रेश्रश्च विश्वरात्र विश्वर्थ विश्वरात्र विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्र विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य विश्वरात्य वि

semchen tamched lagong drakpé pal Semchen Tamché La Gong Drakpé Pal,

धोर्टिं अ अर्द्र्य सुरा रच मुन्य र्पा रेपा

yitsim dzedpa tsalrap drakpal té Yitsim Dzepa Tsal Rap Drakpal—

सर्क्र र्ड्स र्ड्स र्ड्स प्रमानमा निमान्य प्रमानमा

tsentsam töpé tashi palpel wa Merely hearing your names increases glorious good fortune!

वर्वरम्भेगशयवकुर्वस्थान्त्रमा

déwar shekpa gyedla chaktsal lo Homage to you, the eight sugatas<sup>1</sup>

वहसान्यवामित्रम्याम्बर्मे हे वहेता।

jampal shönnu palden dorje dzin Youthful Mañjuśrī, glorious Vajrapāṇi,

श्वर रशाम्बीमार प्रदासमित से विस्रास्ति प्राप्ति ।

chenrézik wang gönpo jampé pal Lord Avalokiteśvara, protector Maitreya,

राधी क्षेट्रें क्षेत्र में क्षायर सेवा।

sayi nyingpo dribpa nampar sel Ksitigarbha, Sarvanīvaraṇaviṣkambhin,

वस्यायतिः होर्स्यात्रयात्रायाक्त्रीं गावात्रः हार्

namkhé nyingpo pakchok küntuzang Ākāśagarbha, and Samantabhadra noblest of all—

खुड्दल रें हे यन्नगरमु नेनन्न।।

utpal dorje pekar lushing dang The utpala flower, vajra, white lotus, nāga-tree

<sup>1.</sup> King of Lamps, Steadfast and Powerful One Whose Vision Fulfils All Aims, Glorious Ornament of Love, Sacred Splendour Renowned for Virtue, The One Whose Concern for All Brings Him Universal Renown, Glorious One as Renowned as Mount Meru in Eminence and Might, Glorious One Renowned as Caring for All Sentient Beings, and Glorious One Renowned as Most Powerful in Satisfying Wishes.

र्देरनुः हुः चःरथः गुः कुंका धी।

norbu dawa raldri nyima yi Wish-fulfilling jewel, moon, sword and sun—

स्याः सर्वरायेनायाः नश्रूययाः न्याः नियाः न्याः कीः सर्वेना

chaktsen leknam tashi palgyi chok

Your gracefully held emblems are supreme in granting the most glorious good fortune and success.

विरःक्तःश्रेश्वराद्यात्रम् नृत्यः स्वतात्र्याः विष्

jangchub sempa gyedla chaktsal lo Homage to you, the eight bodhisattvas!

देव के ब म द्वा वा वा वा विवास के वा च वा विवास के वा विवास के

rinchen dukchok tashi sergyi nya The most precious umbrella, the auspicious golden fish,

वर्नेन्द्रबुरःतुम्राचनरःधेन्देरःगामायाय।

döjung bumzang yid'ong kamala The wish-fulfilling vase, the exquisite kamala flower,

क्षुवः ज्ञानायः दुर-दूर-सुवः क्रेनायः द्यायः चेतु।

nyendrak dungdang püntsok palbé'u
The conch of fame and glory, the glorious knot of prosperity,

क्षे.बैच.मैज.अक्ष्य.रेचर.चर्मैर.उष्ट्रां

minub gyaltsen wanggyur khorlo té The never-waning victory banner, and the all-powerful wheel:

देव.क्रेव.स्चाय.सक्र्या.चक्चर.ग्री.सिया.सक्व.२४४॥

rinchen takchok gyedkyi chaktsen chen Holding these eight most precious emblems

र्षुवायानुयामुत्यायास्त्रेन् छेरान् ग्रीयाम्भीन्या।

chokdü gyalwa chödching gyékyed ma

Are the creators of delight, making offerings to the buddhas of all directions and times.

क्षेत्रार्शेत्रवार्रेत्रं द्वायवाद्ययास्या

geksok ngowo drenpé palpel wé Merely thinking of you increases our prosperity.

चग्रःभेशःभ्रः सं च मुद्रायः स्वार्वियाः वर्षायाः

tashi Ihamo gyedla chaktsal lo

Homage to you, the eight auspicious goddesses: [Beauty, Garlands, Song, Dance, Flowers, Incense, Light, and Perfume]!

र्करमाया केषार्या चरेत्र चुरा श्रेन् सेन्स्।

tsangpa chenpo déjung sédméd bu Mighty Brahmā, Śiva,² and Viṣṇu,

श्रेमार्ब्रेट्यू इत्र क्ष्यार्था सुराष्ट्र सुरा।

miktong dendang gyalpo yulkhor sung Thousand-eyed Indra, the kings: Dhṛtarāṣṭra,

त्यवाया स्रोकार्ये प्रस्तातु प्रवस्त्रीया स्रोप्यवस्ता

pakyépo dang luwang mikmi zang Virūdhaka, nāga lord Virūpakṣa,

इस वें बाब्य वादर खु स्वा वार्षे र तें प्रा

namtö sédang Ihadzé khorlo dang And Vaiśravaṇa—each one holding your divine emblems:

हे.सु.ज.र्र. अर्र्ड्डरहे.हे.क्र्या

trishu ladang dungtung dorjé chen Wheel, trident, lance, vajra,

धे भे रया श्री सर्के र हे व सुत्य सर्कव तहें वा

piwam raldri chödten gyaltsen dzin Vīṇā, sword, stūpa and banner of victory—

यान्यस्यान्यस्यास्यान्यम्यम्यम्

sasum nésu gélek tashi pel You propagate prosperity and auspiciousness in the three

realms.

<sup>2.</sup> In this verse, Śiva is given the name Śambhu and Viṣṇu is called Nārāyaṇa.

वहवा हे द क्रेंट्रिय च क्रुय्य ख्वा वर्ट्य में।

jikten kyongwa gyedla chaktsal lo Homage to you, the eight worldly guardians!

वन्याःक्याःदेरःवद्गेरःद्यःचः र्ह्रेस्रायःत्या।

dakchak dengdir jawa tsompa la As we now begin to engage in activity,

बोबाबाद्दरक्षेत्रस्त्रकेष्टागुद्दलेद्द्या।

gekdang nyéwar tséwa künshyi né Having pacified all obstacles and harmful influences,

वर्नेन्द्रेन्न्न्ययायसेयाच्यास्रेन्य्येन्विन्त्व्युवा।

dödön palpel samdön yidshyin drub

May all desires and aims be accomplished according to our wishes,

चगाः विश्व चरे त्येवाशासुदासुसार्क्षेवाशास्य स्विवा।

tashi délek pünsum tsokpar shok Bringing good fortune, prosperity, happiness, and peace!

मिलानासक्त मीसानस्या। जनसास्य क्रूचनान्यस्य पूर्वाचित्र त्याचे । क्रूचा क्षूचा मुक्ता क्षूचा स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य

"Recite this prayer upon waking, and you will accomplish all your aims for the day. Recite it when you go to sleep, and you will have good dreams. Recite it before a conflict, and you will be completely victorious. Recite it when embarking on any project, and you will succeed. If you recite this prayer daily for the length of your life, your splendor, renown, and wealth will increase, you will find perfect happiness, you will accomplish your aims exactly as you wish, all harmful actions and obscurations will be purified, and all your wishes for higher realms, liberation, and omniscience will be fulfilled." This was declared by the Buddha himself.

૮થીયાતાયું દ્ર્કું લુત્રાને પ્રાષ્ટ્રાત્વાયા ચૈરાતાયું યૂં રાવેડું દ્ર્યોના કુર્ય દ્રાપુરી ત્રામારુ માર્ક્ષા કુર્યા ક્રિયા ચિરાતાયું, કુર્યા વાર્શિયા વાલય છે. જા. રારક્ષી સ્ત્રીત્ર ક્રિયા ક્રી. રીયા વાલય દ્રાપુર કર્યા હદજા રીયાયા.

This prayer arose from the lake of Jampal Gyepé Dorjé's (Mipham Rinpoche) mind on Sunday, the third day of the third month of the Fire Monkey year (1896), during an auspicious time of the constellation star of Pushyā.

Rigpa Translation edited by Damchö Rinchen 2020

## **ब्लाबिर बुरे रे यर रे बेरे तपुर वाक्ष्रा पर रे यथ विषय की प्राप्त के प्राप्त की विषय की विषय**

Wang Dü: 'Great Cloud of Blessings' The Prayer which Magnetizes All that Appears and Exists

જાં જારફું ફું:

om āh hūng hrīh Om Āh Hūng Hrih

वर्केद्रावयस्य द्वस्यी र्थे द्रस्तु।

déchen barwa wangi podrang du Blazing with great bliss in the magnetizing palace,

वर्केंट्र कें क्रिंट्र केंद्र क

détong sosor tokwé yéshé ku

Are the embodiments of discerning timeless awareness, the unity of bliss and emptiness.

स.क्यांश.चरे.र्जंब.तर्चंध.रर.चर्षंब.जन्मी

machak déden pemé rangshyin lé From lotuses, the nature of bliss free from all attachment

र्रेहे हे अ खूर च के द रेवि द्वाया।

dorjé nyima nangwa chenpö pal

Appears as the splendor of the great, illuminating vajra sun-

कूशः भी बैरावाशवारातामा हुई। कूशा।

chöku nangwa tayé dorjé chö Dharmakāya Amitābha; Vajradharma;

पह्ना हे ब न न महीया श्वा वा हे ते हे वा कवा वा बा बा वा वा

jikten wangchuk tukjé jéchak zuk
Avalokitesyara Lord of the World, the very manifest

Avalokiteśvara, Lord of the World, the very manifestion of compassion;

त्यैं.मैज.तूरा.पार्य्यत्यं शास्यः रेवटः वश्चित्र।

pema gyalpö khordé ngawang gyur Padma Gyalpo, ruler of saṃsāra and nirvāṇa;

#### बूर्श्वेर्वेयाम्बर्द्यन्यरळेदानेरुगा।

nangsid zilnön wangchen héruka

Mighty Hayagrīva, glorious subjugator of appearace and existence;

ग्रयायाः वेयानई सूर्ये।

sangwa yéshé benza warahi

Secret Wisdom (Guhyajñāna); Vajravārāhī;

वर्स्सर्केनायर्देर्धते कुलार्थे वर्ते के दानिया।

demchok dödpé gyalpo déchen ter

Supremely blissful Döpé Gyalpo, King of Desire, treasury of great bliss;

सारीसार्श्वी सीटालीर तर्स्या र्याया श्रीरामा।

malü kyégü yidtrok rikjéd ma

Goddess Kurukullā, enchantress of all living beings without exception,

अर्क्रेन। श्रुव्यक्ष्याः सुदिः द्वरः श्रुवाः यदे हेरिया या।

choktün chakgyé wangchuk détong gar

Masters and mistresses of supreme and ordinary mudrās, dancing in bliss-emptiness,

न्नरसर्दर्देहेन्द्रपत्ते हुन्नेदेकेंग्रा

wangdzed dorjé pawo dākki tsok

Hosts of vaira dakas and dakinis attracting and magnetizing.

यूरकेंद्रअव्यायक्त्रेत्रचेतिःदरकेंद्रा

nangtong nyampa chenpö nangnyid du

Within the state of the great equality of appearance and emptiness,

र्रे हे भ्रु थे नर कुर शेर्न मुख्य नर्थे।

dorjé kuyi gargyi sidsum yo

The dance of your vajra bodies causes the three worlds to tremble.

#### त्यायाश्र सेर्यासुर यो पत्र र्सूस प्रस्थ यास्त्र स्वायाया।

gakméd sungi shyedré khamsum guk
The joyous laughter of your unceasing, enlightened speech
captivates the three realms.

र्तेन् चेरःन्सरः वेंसः वर्तेरः वन्सः र्षेर्सः वः ख्वा।

ödzer marpö khordé yongla khyab Rays of red light flash forth, pervading all of saṃsāra and nirvāna,

श्चेन्वितेन्द्रश्च वर्ष्ण्य विस्यून्य रहेन्॥

sidshyi dangchüd yoshying düdpar jéd Amassing the luminous vital essence of conditioned existence and ultimate peace.

र्दे:हे:कग्रथ:य:केब:यंत्र:बुग्रथ:ग्रीश:बी।

dorjé chakpa chenpö tukyi ni Your enlightened mind of great vajra passion

इस माने सार्वे सार्वे साम्यान स्ट्रीत माने साम्यान स्ट्रीय हिस्।

**namnyi ngödrub dödgü choktsol shying**Bestows the supreme desired accomplishment—the twofold siddhis.

र्रे. इ.जैया श.मी. धया शासा कुरात्रा लुखा।

dorjé chakyu shyakpa chenpo yi With your great, vajra-iron hooks and lassos

बूरश्चेर्चरेच केंब चेंर क्रेंब चेंद्रभा

nangsid déwa chenpor domjéd pa You bind all that appears and exists in great bliss.

शवयःतामाश्चीःपर्तिकार्तेःयपुःरूषाःचारःश्रमी।

tayé gyutrul drawé rolgar chen
Dancers in the magical display of the limitless web of illusion,

हैया क्ये में रामु क्षेत्र प्रति मान्य क्षेत्र प्रति ।

tilgyi gongbu chéwa shyin shyuk pé Over flowing like a massive pod of sesame seeds,

#### रन'द्युक्ष'स्'नाशुक्ष'न्नर'नी'ख्न'र्केनाश'या।

rabjam tsasum wangi lhatsok la

To the vast array of the three roots and hosts of magnetizing deities,

गुर्यायसाम्बद्धायायायनेवसार्से हिन हिसार्ह्से वस्ता

güpé solwa debso jingyi lob

With devotion we pray-inspire us with your blessings!

अर्केन्' शुद्र'द्रेश शुच तर्देद्'द्रगुते'द्रधत्य अधतःद्रम्।

choktün ngödrub düdgü palta dak

Grant us the ultimate glory of all desired supreme and ordinary siddhis,

वेंग्रास्त्रेन्द्रन्द्र्युंद्र्यते द्रेंशः शुनः र्र्युशा

tokméd wangdu jédpé ngödrub tsol

And the siddhi of unimpeded power to magnetize!

ड्रियायतर प्रचार्क्य सार्थ्य मुन्य हैं न्या त्रिक्य प्राप्त प्रचार क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र प्र वर्षा स्थाय प्रचार क्षेत्र प्रचार क्षेत्र प्रचार क्षेत्र प्रचार क्षेत्र प्रचार क्षेत्र प्रचार क्षेत्र क्षेत्र

This was composed on the first day of the seventh month of the Earth Hare year (1879) by one named Dhīh (Kunkhyen Mipham Rinpoche). Anyone who prays in this way will undoubtedly accomplish all magnetizing activities exactly according to their wishes. Written on red flags flown in the air or used in prayer wheels powered by heat or wind, similar accomplishments will be obtained. Mangalam!

When the terton Khenpo Jigme Phuntsok Rinpoche went to Five Peak Mountain in China, he was initially prevented from entering by the Chinese authority.

However, after one hundred thousand accumulations of this prayer, the Chinese authority invited His Holiness to visit the mountain.

## 🥯 | বিশ্বনাধ্যম দুর্গার্ম অর্ক্রমান্ত্র ক্রান্ত্র ক্রান্ত ক্

मु न्य स्मिन्ति व्यक्त स्ट्राह पाला मुद्दी हे सु हा

In the language of India: ārya ratnatrayānusmṛti sutra

व्राम्नारी यसवामात्रार्म्यामाष्ट्रमावाशिमाह्मासीर्येशम्

In the Tibetan language: 'phags pa dkon mchog gsum rjes su dran pa'i mdo

वस्रश्राउद्ग्याद्धेव्यायायायायायायायायाया

tamched khyenpa la chaktsal lo

Homage to the omniscient one!

तर्ने भ्रम्भरक्ष मुक्ष पर्वे अप्यक्ष स्वाप्त प्रत्य विषय स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत

ditar sangyé chomdendé déshyin shekpa drachompa yangdakpar dzokpé sangyé rigpa dang shyabsu denpa

Thus the Buddha, the transcendent, accomplished conqueror, the tathāgata who has attained suchness, the arhat who has conquered all foes, a perfectly and completely enlightened buddha, endowed with insight and worthy of reverence, is

वर्वस्यक्षियाश्या

déwar shekpa

The sugata who has reached the state of bliss,

वहेगा हे दा आहे दाया

jikten khyenpa

The knower of the entire world,

क्षेत्रुष:तु:तर्तुष:वते:वि:र्ष:क्षुर:व

kyébu dulwé khalo gyurwa

The guide and tamer of beings,

मुन्येर्या

lana médpa

The unsurpassable one,

यु:र्रः शे:इसमाग्री:र्ह्न्य:या

**Ihadang minam kyi tönpa** The teacher of gods and humans,

बर्वा क्रुवाचर्डेबा खूदावर्वा है।

sangyé chomdendé té The Buddha Bhagavat.

रेन्वविदानिन्नायायारेदिन्यर्थर्वस्ययान्नानीः कुरस्य

déshyin shekpa déni södnam dakgi gyu tünpa The tathāgata is in harmony with all merit.

न्वो नदे स्नान इसका सुन् से बाना

géwé tsawa namchüd mizawa He does not waste the sources of virtue.

वर्बेर्य'र्वा'वीश'रव'हु'वक्कुर्या

zödpa dakgi rabtu gyenpa He is fully adorned with patience.

वर्शेन्द्रस्थाराणीः याहेरः इस्रश्राणीः याती

södnam kyi ternam kyi shyi He is the foundation of the treasures of merit.

र्भ वुर्व्वरर्भ द्वाय ग्रीय द्वाय प

**péjed zangpo namkyi trépa**He is ornamented with the excellent minor marks.

सक्र इसरा ग्री से हें न क्रिया

tsenam kyi métok gyépa He is the full blossoming of the major marks.

ब्रैंट्रियाय रव रामर सब्दिया

chödyul renpar tünpa His activity is timely and fitting.

सर्वेद्रवासी समुद्राया से द्राया

tongna mitünpa médpa Seeing him, there is nothing displeasing. ५५'यश्चेंश'य'इसश'य'सर्देद'यर'५नाव'न।

dedpé möpa namla ngönpar gawa He brings true joy to those who have faith and dedication.

नेश रच बेथ की शकी मार्देद या

shérab zilgyi mi nönpa His insight overwhelms all in its splendour.

क्रेंनशः इसशःयः नष्ट्रे चः सेर्धा

tobnam la dziwa médpa His powers are invincible.

शेस्रशः उतः वस्रशः उनः ग्रीः हेर्तः या

semchen tamched kyi tönpa He is the teacher of all sentient beings.

वृदःक्वाःशेसशः द्यतः हुसशः ग्रीः प्यवा

jangchub sempa namkyi yab He is the father of all bodhisattvas.

तसवाशायदेःवारः ववा द्वस्था ग्री कुला ची

pakpé gangzak namkyi gyalpo He is the king of all the arvas.

श्चान्द्रायसायन्सायते र्रोन्छिरन् तर्रो ना इससारी ने न नर्यद्रा

nya ngen lédépé drongkhyer du drowa namkyi dédpön

He is the guide who leads beings to the city of nirvana.

धेः नेया द्यमा हा से द्या

yéshé paktu médpa

He has boundless pristine awareness.

র্মুবম'ম'বমম'ন্ট্রীম'মী'ন্ত্রিব'মা

pobpa samgyi mi khyabpa He possesses inconceivable confidence. गशुर:इस'यर'न्या'या

sung nampar dakpa His speech is utterly pure.

र्बर्याः श्रुद्राया

yang nyenpa

Its tones are melodious.

भुः चुर्नदेश नयः केंग्रा थेया या

kujed tawé chok mishépa
One can never have enough of looking at him.

श्रु अर्द्ध्दर्भ य से द्रिया

ku tsungpa médpa His form is incomparable.

वर्देन्यन्वाक्षेत्रास्

dödpa dakgi magöpa He is unsullied by the realm of desire.

ग्राह्मण्यान्यायीकान्द्रेयस्यार्गेकाया

zukdak gi nyéwar magöpa He is totally unsullied by the realm of form.

न्त्रुन्यास्य स्वाप्तरास्य स्वाप्तरा

zukmépa dakdang madrépa He is not caught up in the formless realm.

र्यान्यर्थान्यात्रभार्यस्थान्यर्येताचा

dukngal daklé nampar drolwa He is completely liberated from suffering.

सुर्धि द्वा यश्य स्व हु द्वराय स्वीं या वा

pungpo daklé rabtu nampar drolwa He is totally liberated from the aggregates.

प्रमा मुस्रमा ५८ से खुद्राया

khamnam dang midenpa

He does not possess the constituents of ordinary experience.

मु अके र इसमा नर्ममा

kyechéd nam dampa He is in control of the sense fields.

यर्रायास्ययानीतातुः चठराया

düdpa nam shintu chedpa He has cut right through the knots.

र्धेरमः सुः वर्दरनः द्वाः यमः इसः धरः र्वेतः च

yongsu dungwa daklé nampar drolwa He is completely liberated from torment.

শ্রীদ্যাথমার্ক্রীথানা।

sédpa lé drolwa He is freed from craving.

द्धं वें त्यश्चन्त्र त्या

**chuwo lé galwa** He has crossed over the river.

ल.पेश.लूरश.शे.र्ह्चश.ता।

yéshé yongsu dzokpa He is perfected in all the wisdoms.

वन्यायान्दा यार्चेदायान्दा नाक्ष्राचुरानवेत्यात्याम्यानर्देयात्य्वावन्या

इस्रयामी यो भेषाया न्या वर्षाया

dépa dang majönpa dang datar jungwé sangyé chomdendé namkyi yéshé la népa He abides in the wisdom of all the victorious buddhas of past, present and future.

शुःददः त्यसः तद्यः यः त्यः सी व्यवसः या

nya ngen lédépa lami népa He does not dwell in nirvana.

षर-द्यानाकुर-ग्री-अधवन्य-याद्यान

yangdakpa nyidkyi tala népa He abides in ultimate perfection. बेसबारुदावसकारुदायान्यविन्यायादेशायान्त्वन्यायाः हो।

semchen tamched la zikpé sala shyukpa té He remains on the level where he sees all sentient beings.

य. इसका. सूर्या क्रिका च क्रुका क्षेत्र त्य ने का इसका क्षेत्र क्षेत्

didak ni sangyé chomdendé namkyi ku chéwé yönten yang dakpa nam so

All these are the authentic and supreme qualities of the embodiment of the victorious Buddha.

न्यायति केंबा दे वेवा यम्निया वम्नु न्वो वा यवत्यम्न्वो वा।

dampé chönyi tokmar géwa bardu géwa tamar géwa

The sacred Dharma is good at the beginning, good in the middle and good at the end.

र्देब पन नर्स्य

dön zangpo
It is excellent in meaning.

क्रियायम् प्रमान

tsikdru zangpo

Excellent in words, and syllables.

यातर्भाग

ma drépa

It is distinct.

लूरश.श्री. स्यायाया

yongsu dzokpa It is totally complete.

ल्ट्याश्चार्या

yongsu dakpa It is utterly pure. लूरशाश्चीचराया

yongsu jangwa It completely purifies.

वर्ड्स खूद तद्द्र गृती शक्ति स्वेवा शायर वा शुद्र सा

**chomden dékyi chö lekpar sungpa** The Buddha has taught the Dharma well.

यरद्यायर अर्वेरच।

yangdakpar tongwa It brings unerring vision.

वर्सेर्धा

**ned médpa**It is without affliction.

रुषाकर्यासेर्या

dü chedpa médpa Its time has no interruption.

केवरवर्हिन्य।

nyéwar tödpa It confers trust.

वर्ने अर्वेदच या देव र्षेद्या

di tongwa la dön yödpa Seeing it fulfills one's purpose.

यावर्याया दुसर्या गुर्वेश से से स्टर्मिया देवा पर स्टुरम्

khépa namkyi soso rangi rigpar jawa The wise can validate it through their own awareness.

वर्डेब्राव्युद्यत्वर्षाणीयावासुद्यायते केंब्रावद्यावायायायावास्य वहेदाया

chomdendé kyi sungpé chö dulwa la lekpar tenpa

The Dharma taught by the buddha relies entirely on training the mind.

देशस्यरत्वृद्या

ngépar jungwa It is truly delivering.

र्हेवाश्वायते विरास्त्र निरास्त्रे निरास्त्र विरास्त

dzokpé jangchub tu drowar jédpa It causes one to arrive at perfect enlightenment.

क्षेत्रबुद्दायाक्षेत्रहेरावतुषायान्दाय्वदाया

mitünpa médching düpa dang denpa It is without contradiction and all-embracing.

नहेद'य'र्थेर्या

tenpa yödpa It is constant.

क्रुं च च ठ ५ पर्दे॥

gyuwa chedpa'o It ends the journey.

वेग्'य'केद'र्येते'द्गे'तर्दुद्दंदे'येग्वर्यय्यः त्वृग्वर्या

tekpa chenpö gendün ni lekpar shyukpa As for the sangha of the great vehicle, they enter into good.

रेग्राय:पर:ल्ग्राय:पा

rikpar shyukpa They enter with insight.

इर्धेरलुग्रथा

**drangpor shyukpa**They enter straightforwardly.

शरीय.तर.र्धेयात्राता

tünpar shyukpa They enter harmoniously. वजःश्रःब्रैं र चतुः त्र्या सुः शुः गुरा

talmo jarwé ösu gyurpa

They are worthy of veneration with palms joined together.

सिया ये. यपुर्ध्या श्री बीराता

chak jawé ösu gyurpa

They are worthy of receiving prostrations.

वर्सेर्वस्थानी द्वया मी लिया

södnam kyi palgyi shying

They are a glorious field of merit.

ल्ये ल्यूरमा सी स्निट्य छेव सी

yön yongsu jongwa chenpo

Offering to them brings great purification.

ब्रैक्परियाक्षास्य सुरस्य

jinpé nésu gyurpa

They are an object of generosity.

गीय.धे.लर.क्रीय.सपु.चीयमा.श्री.बीर.स.क्रुय.सूपूरी

kuntu yang jinpé nésu gyurpa chenpo'o

They are in every way the greatest object of generosity.

सर्वेद र्य श्वामा हे के ख़द या।

gönpo tukjé ché denpa

The sovereign protector who possesses great kindness,

वस्रवाउन्साह्येत्र या द्वेत्र या ये।।

tamched khyenpa tönpapo

The omniscient teacher,

चर्चेन्द्रम्था धेव न्द्रम् मु सर्केति विद्या

södnam yönten gyatsö shying

The source of oceans of merit and good qualities:

रेनिवरमिनाशायास्यातस्यात्री।

**déshyin shekla chaktsal lo**To the Tathagata I prostrate.

**र्वायायर्र्न्यक्वाश्चर्यायत्र्या** 

dakpa dödchak dralwé gyu

Purity, the cause of freedom from passion,

द्वो चर्याद्व र्शेरायश र्शेया विदा।

**géwé ngensong lédrol shying**With virtue, the source of liberation from the lower realms,

गुडेग्'हु'र्नेब'न्य'सर्केग्'शुर्राया।

**chiktu döndam chokgyur pa**This alone is the supreme, ultimate truth:

बु.बुरक्षायास्त्रवातक्षार्या।

**shyigyur chöla chaktsal lo**To the Dharma, being peace, I prostrate.

र्चेताव्याचीताचतित्वयापरार्द्ध्व॥

drolné drolwé lamyang tön Having been liberated, they show the path to liberation.

नक्ष्रनः धःद्रमः तः स्वः स्वः स्वा

labpa dakla rabtu gü They are fully dedicated to the pure disciplines,

बैरकी द्यारा धेंब हुब खुबा।

**shyingi dampa yönten den**A holy field of merit, endowed with noble qualities:

न्वो तनुदाय प्यरम्बन तर्र्य स्था

**gédün layang chaktsal lo**To the Sangha I continually prostrate.

মৎমান্ত্ৰীমানার্ত্র-মোন্ত্রিমান্ত্রিমান্ত্রী।

sangyé tsola chaktsal lo To the Buddha, the leader, I prostrate; श्चींयत्राक्ष्यातास्यात्रक्षात्र्रा।

**kyobpa chöla chaktsal lo**To the Dharma, the protector, I prostrate;

र्गायर्बर्श्यायास्यायर्

**géndün déla chaktsal lo**To the Sangha, the community, I prostrate;

चिश्रसायाः हवाः हुः चुश्राः सुवाः तर्कता।

sumla taktu güchak tsal To these three I respectfully always prostrate!

**बर्बः क्रुबः धें वः हवः चब्रवः श्रेः ख्रिच।**।

sangyé yönten sami khyap The Buddha's virtues are inconceivable;

केंबानी लेंबर हेंबर ने बार ही हिन्।

**chökyi yönten sami khyap** The Dharma's virtues are inconceivable;

५वो तर्ब पेंब हुन नश्या से हिना।

**gedün yönten sami khyap** The Sangha's virtues are inconceivable.

ସଶୟ'ଣି'ନ୍ତ୍ରସ'ଦ'55'ଗ୍ରଶ'ସदି।।

sami khyapla dédjé pé With faith in what is inconceivable,

इस्रायरक्षेत्यदर नस्सारी हिन्।

nampar minpaang sami khyap
The full fruition of which is also inconceivable,

इस-न्याः विर-तुः श्चीः चरः विया

namdak shyingdu kyéwar shok May I be born in a completely pure realm!

Rigpa Translations, 2001. Edited by Damchö Rinchen 2020.

### **अ।। श्वनः केंना चीनः स्नन्यः महेरः अर्धेन्यत्वायः स्।।**

#### The Treasury of Blessings— A Practice of Buddha Śākyamuni

by Mipham Rinpoche

≫॥दःर्सःनुःतुःनुग्रुःसुःदःषे। Namo guru śākyamunaye!

As said in the Samādhirāja Sūtra, "Those who recollect the moonlike Buddha while walking, sitting, standing, or sleeping, will always be in the Buddha's presence and attain vast nirvāṇa. Since his pure body is the color of gold, the Protector of the World is utterly beautiful. Whoever visualizes him like this, that bodhisattva is in the state of meditation." In keeping with this, we should practice remembering our incomparable teacher, the Lord of Sages, in the following way:

#### Refuge and Bodhicitta

सरसः मुशः र्केशः दरः र्केन्यशः ग्रीः सर्केन्। इससाया।

sangyé chödang tsokyi choknam la In the Buddha, the Dharma, and the Supreme Assembly

विरःक्ष्यःयरःरु:यन्याःदेःश्चित्रयःशुःस्रही।

jangchub bardu dakni kyabsu chi I take refuge until I attain enlightenment.

यन्यायीया श्रीवार्याया या श्रीयाया या स्थानिया स्थानिया ।

dakgi jinsok gyipé södnam kyi Through the merit of practicing generosity and so forth,

वर्ते तासदाष्ठीर सरसा मुसावत्त्र्वा पर र्वेगा

drola penchir sangyé drubpar shok May I attain buddhahood for the benefit of all beings.

অব্যাস্থ্যা Recite three times

शेशवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवान्त्रवा

semchen tamched déwa dang déwé gyu dang denpar gyur chik

May all sentient beings enjoy happiness and the causes of happiness!

र्वेच चर्षा र्र र्वेच चर्षा श्री की र्र रचा चर श्री रहेग

dukngal dang dukngal gyi gyu dang dralwar gyur chik

May they be free from suffering and the causes of suffering!

सूना नसूर्य से द्रपते नदे न द्राय द्रप्त से त्रवय नर शुर हैन

dukngal médpé déwa dampa dang midralwar gyur chik

May they never be separated from the sacred happiness devoid of suffering!

कुंद्रैर:कवाशःस्ट्याकुंश:न्रःच्याःचदे:चहरःक्ष्र्यशः र्क्षन्थेन्यःयः वादश्यः । चुदःदेवा

nyéring chakdang nyidang dralwé tangnyom tsed médpa la népar gyur chik

And may they dwell in boundless equanimity, free from attachment and aversion!

र्केश वस्र शंक्ष र स्थूर त्या स्ट निष्ठी सा सुन पति रें द सी द त्या द द पति र द द स्था

Bringing to mind how all phenomena appear and yet lack inherent existence, recite the following:

षाः श्रु-सेन्र्रेन्यार्वेन्न्रहेन्यहेन्त्री।

ah kyéméd tongpa nyidang tenjung gi AH Unborn emptiness and actual relative truth

ब्रूरच तवावा सेन् बुर तहवा ह्या स्वास्तिया।

nangwa gakméd zungjuk gyumé tsul Are inseparable, the unobstructed magical appearance.

Treasury of Blessings

### ररः अनुबन्बयः आवरः अर्केनः श्रीवः क्वाः अर्केतेः नृत्यशा

rangdün namkhar chödtrin gyatsö ü Appearing before me in the sky amidst vast clouds of offerings,

रेव केव सेर हो यन् हे हा नते हेर।।

rinchen sengtri pednyi dawé teng

On a lion-supported jewel throne with lotus, sun, and moon disc seats,

क्रेंब्रायासर्ह्यस्यासेन्त्वृत्तासेन्त्वे।वी।

tönpa tsungméd shākya sengé ni Is the incomparable teacher, the Lion of the Śākyas.

न्यश्चे अर्देन उदासक्द प्रम्पि वृत्र स्वा।

sergyi dokchen tsendang péjed den His golden body, adorned with major and minor marks,

क्र्या.च्रायायायायाया.इ.ड.मुरा.वीराचधेवाया।

chögö sumsol dorjé kyiltrung shyuk Clad in the three dharma robes, sits in the vajra posture.

स्याःचालम् मार्युद्धस्याः मुःयेनम् न्याः विदा।

chakyé sanön chakgya lekyang shing His right hand is gracefully poised in the earth-touching mudrā,

ध्या यार्षेद्र अद्भायत्या यत्त्र द्वेते खुर यहे त्यू अवा।

chakyön nyamshyak düdtsi Ihungzed nam While his left hand, in the gesture of meditation, holds an alms-bowl full of nectar.

ग्रेरकुरक्रयावे पहेर्र्यया प्रमान

sergyi ritar zijid palbar wa Magnificent like a golden mountain, shining splendidly,

थे:वेशर्तेर:बेर:र्:चश्यायत:र्वेरशावन।।

yéshé ödzer drawé khaying khyab

He spreads beams of wisdom light across the entire expanse of space.

क्षेत्रते श्रमानमुन्याम्मानम् वर्षान्य ।

nyéwé ségyed néten chudruk sok The eight bodhisattvas, the sixteen arhats, and others,

तसम्बार्क्सम्बार्क्स स्वीत्र स्वीत्र स्वीत्र स्वीत्र स्वीत्र स्वीतः स्वी

paktsok gyatsö khorgyi yongkor shying A vast, oceanlike retinue of noble beings, encircle him.

इब्स्यर्डमाचीकाश्चिद्वित्रसम्बद्धानिकालका

drenpa tsamgyi sidshyi tanyi lé Simply remembering you brings liberation from the two extremes of samsāra and nirvāṇa

इस र्वेल नदेन सकें न नी द्रमा र्रेल न।

namdrol déwa chokgi paltsol wa With the blessing of glorious, desireless bliss.

श्चिम्यागुदायनुषायदेग्यन्वाःकृन्त्रहेदार्येरःवायवा।

kyabkün düpé daknyi chenpor sal He is the Great Being, the perfect embodiment of every source of refuge. स्थान्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं स्वीत्रे ने।

स्थान्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं सम्बित्रे ने।

स्थान्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं सम्बित्रं ने।

स्थान्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं सम्बित्रं ने।

स्थान्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं सम्बित्रं ने।

स्थान्यक्ष्यात्रान्यक्ष्यं सम्बित्रं ने।

स्थान्यक्ष्यात्रान्यक्षेत्रं स्वात्रान्यक्षेत्रं स्वात्रं स्थान्यक्षेत्रं स्वात्रं स्वात्यं स्वात्रं स्वात्य

Visualize the form of the Buddha in this way, and imagine that he is actually there, in front of you. As the Buddha's wisdom body is not constrained by limits like time or location, the instant that you generate this thought he will certainly be there.

One of the sūtras says, "Should anyone think of the Buddha, he is there, right in front of oneself, constantly granting his blessings and freedom from all harm." The merit gained through visualizing the Buddha is an inexhaustible source of virtue that will never go to waste. As said in the Avataṃsaka Sūtra, "By seeing, hearing, or offering to the buddhas, a boundless store of merit is amassed. Untll we are rid of all the destructive emotions and the suffering of saṃsāra, this compounded merit will never go to waste."

Also, whatever prayers of aspiration we make before the Buddha will be fulfilled. As it says in the Teaching on the Qualities of Mañjuśrī's Pure Land, "Everything is circumstantial, depending entirely on our aspirations. Whatever prayers of aspiration we make, the results will be gained accordingly." Generate firm conviction in these statements and recite the following:

क्षेराहे के वार्य वार्केर के वारा का वारा हिना।

nyingjé chenpö tsöden nyikmé shying With your great compassion, you embraced this turbulent, degenerate world

वर्द्धर्वशः र्र्ह्भेद्रायसः केदः संख्यान्तुः वर्षा

zungné mönlam chenpo ngagya tab And made five hundred mighty aspirations.

यन्नग्रस्थ्ररम्ब्रग्रम्थास्यर्वेदार्वेषाष्ट्रीरस्थार्थेन।

pedkar tar ngak tsentö chirmin dok Exalted as a white lotus, just hearing your name is to never return to samsāra.

क्रूर्य पाञ्चन माहे उर ता सुना तर्कता त्या

tönpa tukjé chenla chaktsal lo Most kind, compassionate teacher, to you we bow down!

वन्नाम्नालदार्स्नी नाशुक्षान्नो र्स्टिन्य विष्टिन्य विष्टा

dakshyen gosum gétsok longchöd ché
The virtue of myself and others in deeds, words, and thoughts,
together with our wealth,

गुर्नाचन्रसकें न्यते श्रेरानु न्यत्र स्थापन्या

kunzang chödpé trindu mikné bul Visualized as Samantabhadra's inexhaustible offering clouds, I present to you.

व्याः सेन्द्रस्य नयम् स्थ्रेन् सुरस्य सुराया

tokméd nésak diktung malü pa

All harmful actions and transgressions committed throughout beginningless time,

क्षेद्रद्यात्र्वीद्याद्वार्थयार्थार्थर्यात्र्यात्र्या

nyingné gyödpa drakpö sosor shak Each and every one, I now confess with intense and heartfelt regret. तसम्बाद्य दर्श संति क्षे वितः देवी व दी।

pakdang sosö kyewö géwa ni In all the virtuous actions of noble ones and ordinary beings

रुवान्त्रव्यानवन्यायाः हेवानुः धीः स्टार्टे।

düsum sakla jésu yirang ngo

Accumulated throughout the past, present, and future, I rejoice.

वन उर कु के के अगी जो निर्म सेति हुंग।

zabching gyaché chökyi khorlö tsul

The profound and vast tradition's wheel of dharma teachings—

र्द्विवाबानवुरःक्तुदाक्षीयकर्यस्य मेर्निरःतुःवार्वेवा।

**chokchur gyünmi chedpar kordu sol** Pray, turn it ceaselessly in every direction.

हिंदिश्वेषायायतः देवित्रः त्राचितास्त्री।

khyödni namkha tabü yéshé ku Your wisdom body is like the sky,

रुष'मासुस'तर्थे'त्रशुर'सेर'धर'मतुम्बार्सर'ग्री।

düsum pogyur médpar shyukmöd kyi Changeless throughout the past, present, and future,

चरिताचितुःस्ट्र्र्स्स्त्रे।यह्चाःस्त्राःस्त्राण्डा।

duljé nang ngor kyéjik tsultön kyang

Although you appear to be born and pass away in the eyes of those to be tamed,

सुर्यायते वात्रवारा सुरम्य मुरम्य स्थान

trulpé zuku taktu nangwar dzöd

Please always continue to manifest in your nirmanakaya form!

वद्याः वीक्षः दुक्षः याक्षुक्षः वक्षयाकाः यते द्यो र्क्षेयाकाः ग्रीका।

dakgi düsum sakpé gétsok kyi
Through whatever virtue I have accumulated in the three times,

सावतः विचः तर्वे चः गुरुः तः पर्वः सुन् नु।

khakhyab drowa künla penled du To benefit all beings throughout space,

क्र्यामी मिलार्स हेना है सब्देश हो देहरा।

chökyi gyalpo taktu nyéjéd ching King of Dharma, may I always fulfill your wisdom mind

क्र्या हे किया चयु म्या त्यर ह्र्या तर पूर्या

chöjé gyalwé gopang tobpar shok And attain the victorious state of the Lord of Dharma.

वन्वारुवारक्षेवासासतिःतर्वो वासर्वेदसोन्द्रसम्।

dakchak nyikmé drowa gönméd nam Adrift in this degenerate age, we have no guidance and protection.

वियोगः हेशः क्षेयोः सराय बेराय पुरायगीयः हेषः प्रशा

tukjé lhakpar zungwé kadrin lé Out of your kindness, embracing us with unsurpassable compassion,

बिर-५८-५४।वर्षेर-देव-केब-इस्राम्श्रस-ग्री।

shyingdang düdir rinchen namsum gyi All kinds of appearances of the Three Jewels now in this world

बूर्य हे हो दुविन्यी खेरायश केन्।।

nangwa jinyed khyedkyi trinlé nyid Are your enlightened activity. देख्वैरःश्चित्रशास्त्रेत्रासर्द्धरमासेद्वारेवाःसःस्।

**déchir kyabchok tsungméd chikpu ru** Since you are our sole incomparable, supreme refuge,

धीर्क्षियाद्र्यसाञ्चीदाव्यावर्षित्यावर्षेत्रयावर्षेत्रयावर्षे

yidché dedpé nyingné soldeb na From our hearts with total confidence and faith we pray:

र्बे्ब क्री द्रमानस्य कर केंब में मानस्रोता नरा।

ngöngyi damcha chenpo manyel war Do not forget the great promises you made in earlier times;

विरक्षियायरार् वियावाहेवाहेवातहेवातहिता

jangchub bardu tukjé jédzin dzöd Hold us with your compassion until we attain enlightenment,

र्र्। भिन्मान्यः स्थानक्ष्यः निष्णः मिष्णः निष्णः मिष्णः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थानः स

lama tönpa chomdendé déshyin shekpa drachompa yangdakpar dzokpé sangyé pal gyalwa shākya tubpa la chak tsalo chödo kyabsu chi'o

Supreme teacher, bhagavan, tathāgata, arhat, complete and perfect buddha, glorious conqueror, Śākyamuni Buddha, to you I pay homage! To you I make offerings! In you I take refuge!

व्याया कुन् नक्षुया नते र्स्यानु भेराष्ट्रीय धार्मा कुन र प्रायम महान्या महत्या महिन्या ही।

Then, as a means of invoking his wisdom mind, recite the following dhāraṇī as many times as possilble, as taught in the abridged Prajñāpāramitā:

## 55.वी क्रू.श.वे.श.वे.श.वे.श.वे.ता.ये.वी

teyathā om muné muné mahā munayé sohā tadyathā om mune mune mahāmunaye svāhā

लेशकिरीयाशन्ता केरियदाक्तिकिर्मा

Then recite as many times as possible, the same mantra from om onwards:

## ર્જા સુ કે સુ કે અ કૃ સુ ક પ્યો કૃ કૃ

om muné muné mahā munayé sohā om mune mune mahāmunaye svāhā

बैर.ज.रेशुचेब.बेशे शक्य.वर्ह्र.त.रेर.। चर्डरक.चर्ड्यका.तपु.मुष.क्रीका.क्रे.चेश्चीका पर्ट.रेचा.ची.सेचका.बी.क्र्र्य.वर्ह्य.तपु.ल्ल्य.धेय.हंबा.बी.रेच.धेश.चेश्चा.व्या.धे.से.ल्ल.चेशका.

During all this bring to mind the Buddha's qualities, and with a mind full of devotion, concentrate one-pointedly on the clear visualization of his form. Then, through the power of uttering the names of the Buddha and reciting his dhāraṇī, imagine:

tönpé kulé yéshé kyi ödzer natsokpé nangwa chenpö dakdang semchen tamched kyi dribpa tamched sal shying

From the Buddha's body great radiant, multi-coloured rays of wisdom light emanate, dispelling all our own and others' obscurations;

यम्बर्गा केत्र रेति त्याया श्री र्यो दान्द्र स्त्या मित्र मुन्य मित्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्रमान्य स्त्र स्त्र

#### tekpa chenpö lamgyi yönten tsulshyin du kyété chirmi dokpé sa nönpar gyur

They cause all the genuine qualities of the mahāyāna path to arise within us, so that we attain the level of perfection, whereby we will never again return to saṃsāra.

यर्के.य.रेट.ब्रॅ्थ.जश.क्रीका.मैका.यरेट.तर.वेर्ण्। यमी.श्च.यमीरे.त.ब्र्याका.शर्र्.योट.उर्र्ट.व्रे.केर.थेका.तर.यपीयो रेवा.यपु.श्च.यंशका.श्चे.श्चेर.क्य.पे. मृत्येत.रेट.। श्वेर.इ.तर.रेयाना मि.कुर.प्रताता श्वेशान्यका.कें.कूयाका रे.यखेष.योज्येताका.तपु.शक्थ. रे.केर.व्रे.येका.थे.यर्भ्यतर.वर्ष्।। श्वेय.शक्षका.श्चेशत.श्वे.श्चेता.श्च्यका.शक्ट्र.त.रेट.। श्वेय.यर्भूरे.क्वे.

Diligently apply yourself to this practice, as much as possible. In between sessions, practice offering the maṇḍala, and to the best of your ability, recite whichever sūtras you prefer, such as the Praises of the Buddha, White Lotus of Compassion, Lalitavistara, Jātaka Tales, or The One Hundred and Eight Names of the Tathāgatas. Dedicate the sources of your virtue towards unsurpassable awakening and seal it by reciting prayers of aspiration.

## **अ। वियाय के प्रायम् के म्याय के अया।**

Short Praise of the Buddha's Deeds by Ārya Śūra

यारळे म्रान्यहेशयाई चे खेर्यक्षश्राकी।

gangtsé kangnyi tsowo khyedtam tsé When you were born, foremost among human beings,

शक्तिवादि त्याची सामान्त्र विकास

sachen dila gompa dünbor né You took seven steps on this earth,

रवे वहेगा हे ब वरे व अर्केग छेषा मासुरका।

ngani jikten dina chokché sung Proclaiming, "In this world I am the most excellent."

देकें अवश्यां हिंदाया सुवाय केंपा लें।

détsé khépa khyödla chaktsal lo To you, O wise one, I pay homage!

५८:सॅ ५वातः स्वाद्धाः धे खायाव्या होवा।

dangpo ganden lhayi yulné jön First, you descended from the heaven of Tușita,

मुल र्से दे त्वन हु स्थुम मुल्य के स्थान

gyalpö khabtu yumgyi lhumsu shyuk And entered your mother's womb in Rājagṛha.

lumbi niyi tsaldu tubpa tam In the grove at Lumbinī, O sage, you were born.

वर्ड्य ख़्र ख़ु खे ख़ु ल खुवा वर्ड्य लें।

**chomden Ihayi Ihala chaktsal lo**To the Blessed One, "God among gods," I pay homage!

म्बर्यायम् मान्यः नुस्य साम्

shyalyé khangdu mama gyedshyi chöd In the royal palace you were nursed by thirty-two mothers.

न्यू मृतिः र्ये दर्ग वर्षे दर्श स्ता से दर्श से दर्श

shakyé drongdu shyönü roltsed dzed In the city of Śākya, you spent your youth competing in sports.

श्रेराश्चुतिःमाद्रशास्त्राःसात्रर्केःत्वनःमुःनिव्या

serkyé nésu satso khabtu shyé At Kapilavastu you married the princess, Yaso Dhara.

मुर्यायिषाः वर्ष्ट्रस्याये र भी.ज.सेचा उक्ताज्यी

sidsum tsungméd kula chaktsal lo To you who are unequalled in the three worlds, I pay homage!

ग्र्राचिरार्स्री निवरार्स्सी निवरार्स्य निवरा

drongkhyer goshyir kyowé tsulten né After being shown the [four] kinds of sorrow at the four city gates

सर्केर् हेब इस र्ग इर रु रु सु र रेश

chödten namdak drungdu utra sil You cut your own hair in front of the Viśuddha Stūpa.

वै रङ्खित्रे त्याया ५ ५ गातः श्रवः सर्द्रा।

nairan jané dramdu katub dzed On the banks of the Nairañjanā you practiced as an ascetic.

श्चैतःबाद्गेशःश्चेंदान्दरःचलालास्ववात्वर्द्धलाले॥

dribnyi kyöndang drala chaktsal lo
To you who are free from the faults of the two obscurations,
I pay homage!

मुलार्येते।वन हु सुरक्ते के क्षेत्र या नहता।

gyalpö khabtu langchen nyönpa tul At Rājagrha you tamed a rogue elephant.

लरश्रात.१४.२. हुँदेश हैंर. हु.सेगी

yangpa chendu té'ü drangtsi pul In Vaiśālī a monkey offered you honey.

यानाः इ.र. श्रुचः याः सार्द्वः यादयाः क्रुया।

maga dharu tubpa ngön sangyé In Magadha, O sage, you became a fully enlightened Buddha.

शिव्यायतः त्राचित्राययम् यास्या वित्रायस्या स्वी

khyenpé yéshé barla chaktsal lo To you in whom omniscient wisdom blossomed, I pay homage!

सूर्ह्य केर केंबर की विदेश केंद्रिया

vara ṇāsir chökyi khorlo kor At Vārāṇasī you turned the Wheel of Dharma,

हें हते र्क्य दुःकें तस्या के दार्थ च ह्रद्या

**dzété tsaldu chotrul chenpo ten** And in the Jeta Grove you performed great miracles.

इं अर्केन र्चेटर् दर्नेट अप शासा सामित

tsachok drongdu gongpa nya ngen dé At Kuśinagara your wisdom mind passed into parinirvāṇa.

श्चिमार् दे देश सम्यत्त्र दं ता सिमार क्रिया प्रमा

tukni namkha drala chaktsal lo To you whose mind is like the sky, I prostrate! वर्ने ख्रूरवसूत्र पते वर्ता में वर्डे सायूत वर्ता

ditar tenpé dakpo chomden dé Thus, viewing the deeds of the Bhagawan, holder of the teachings,

यह्रेर्पतेः र्क्याया यहें र्यया यहें द्राया थी।

dzedpé tsula dotsam tödpa yi Through the virtue of this brief praise.

न्वो चर्या वर्षे च गा द बी हैं न्य प्यरा।

géwé drowa küngyi chödpa yang May the actions of all living beings

वर्गन्नेन्या के न्यी सर्मन्दर सर्द्धर वा पर स्वीना

déshek nyidkyi dzedang tsungpar shok Come to equal the acts of the Sugata himself.

উঝ্যান্থরি বুর্নির্বান্থরে ব্রহ্মান্তর্ভার্নির্বা This was composed by Ācārya Śūra.

# यर्ने हेर विरस्ता क्षेत्रकार्य स्वतः हेर्बिर्यायायहवा स्वतः योत् विष्याया हेर्वा स

#### यमवाबारा खेबाची यात्रवाष्ट्रया श्रुरायते ।

Confession of Negativity erpt from Bodhicaryāyatāra: An Introducti

Excerpt from Bodhicaryāvatāra: An Introduction to the Bodhisattva's Way of Life Chapter II by Śāntideva

रेब केब सेसरा देवा बुद चर मु चरे छिर।।

rinchen semdé zungwar jawé chir In order to adopt the precious jewel of this mind,

नेप्तिव निवायाया इस्यान्दर्भ प्रतिकेषा

déshyin shekpa namdang dampé chö I now make the most excellent of offerings to the buddhas,

न्गित्रसर्केनाःद्वे सासेन्द्रः सद्याः क्षुयाः स्वयः द्रायाः स्वयः प्रकाराः हो।

könchok drima médang sangyé sédang séma nam chépa té

To the sacred Dharma, that most rare and flawless jewel,

ल्य निव मि. मासू र्याया जाता या जाता माना मासू री।

yönten gyatso namla lekpar chöd And to the buddhas' heirs, whose qualities are limitless.

बे हेंग तन्न सन् हैं हो हैं पेंद्र सन्दा

métok drébu jinyéd yödpa dang I offer every variety of fruit and flower

श्चरची इसम्पन्दन्य र्थेन्यन्ता

mengyi nampa gangdak yödpa dang And every kind of healing medicine,

वहैना हे ब देव के ब है हो दे पर्य प्य प्र

jikten rinchen jinyed yödpa dang Whatever is precious in this world,

कुन्वर्दरधिद्दुर्देरन्दर्शेष्ट्रद्दर्गा

**chu tsang yidu ongwa chiyöd dang** And all its pure and freshest waters,

रेब केब रेचें ५८ वे रेचबेब रा

rinchen riwo dangni déshyin du Precious mountains

वनाशक्तारा संस्वाया द्वीत विद्वालय द्वाता द्

naktsal sachok wenshying nyamga dang And forest groves, isolated and inspiring,

र्द्धेव:वेर:ब्रे:र्न्ज कुव:ब्रुय:ब्रुट्य:दरा।

jönshing métok gyentré püdpa dang Trees of paradise with garlands of blossoms

विरावारायव्यापवरायायान्त्राप्तरा

shingang drézang yalga düdpa dang And trees whose branches are laden with fine fruit,

युःर्शेग्रशायहिंगाः हेवःवः प्यरः देः दरः दी।

**Ihasok jikten nayang dridang ni** Fragrant scents from the gods and other realms,

र्श्वेष:५८:५५वा:वषाय:विर:५८:देव:केव:विर:॥

pödang paksam shingdang rinchen shing Incense, trees that grant wishes, jeweled trees, and

यार्सेयायबुरयाययेथे में नास्याया ५६॥

mamö trungpé lotok nampa dang Spontaneous harvests grown without the tiller's care.

वालबः परस्यकेन परने का पते मुबद्धारा है।।

**shyenyang chödpar öpé gyenam ni** Every thing of beauty worthy to be offered:

सर्द्धे-दरः हेरः चुः पर्दुषः च क्रुवः पः द्वा

tsodang dzingbu pemé gyenpa dak Lakes and ponds adorned with lotus flowers

ररायानीवामु स्मूराक्षवाधीनर्देरास्वा।

ngangpa shintu kednyen yi'ong den Where the pleasant calls of geese are heard,

वेत्रासाययः रचः यचित्रका विश्वका मीः स्वर्थः योदियोका स्वी

namkha rabjam khamkyi tétuk pa Every thing and place of beauty unclaimed by any owner,

र्धेरक्षःशुःचबुरःचःक्षेर्यःनेःन्वाःगुद्या

yongsu zungwa médpa dédak kün Extending to the boundless limits of space itself,

मुं.लुश.धरश.४श.धय.त.मुंश.मुं.शक्र्यी

loyi langné tubpa kyékyi chok All pictured in my mind, to the supreme buddhas

य्यान्दरम्बरुषायाः मुस्रकाताः त्येन्यात्रम् व्या

sédang chépa namla lekbul na And their bodhisattva heirs, I make this perfect gift.

र्पिद्र नाद्र भारत्य द्वाप्य हे के द्वर भारतीया।

yöné dampa tukjé chénam kyi Sublime objects of the offerings, compassionate lords,

वन्वात्यः वर्रेरः न्वें रश्यन्वा वी तर्ने न्वा वलेशा

dakla tsergong dakgi didak shyé Accept all these offerings which I now present. वन्वावे वर्षेन्वस्थारा से खूद वर्षे द केद है।

dakni södnam miden trenchen té Lacking stores of merit, I am destitute

अर्केन् पति र्वेर माल्य मन्या पाउर अस्त्रेश।

chödpé norshyen dakla changma chi And have nothing more to offer.

देशक्षाम् वालवार्देव दर्वोदश्यायते सर्वेव श्रीशायदी।

déna shyendön gongpé göngyi di O protectors, who only consider others' benefit,

यन्यायो रेव अन्देन हो सहस्य विका भेगा

dakgi dönléd nyidkyi tüshyé shik With your great power accept this for my sake.

मुल-१८-१:श्रवाद्वर्यात्राचन्याः वीवादी।

gyaldang désé namla dakgi ni To the buddhas and their bodhisattva heirs,

वद्याः वीः खुर्यः गुरुषा वहर दुः दुव्यः वरः वश्ची।

dakgi lükün tendu ulwar gyi I continuously offer all my bodies.

शेशश्रान्यतः शक्ति । इश्रश्रानन्य दि धिन्शानिया

sempa choknam dakni yongshyé shik Supremely courageous ones, fully accept me,

गुर्भायका हो नृषी तयर भारत अक्षेत्र स्व वी।

güpé khyedkyi bangsu chiwar gyi For with devotion I will be your subject. वन्यादेखेन्चीशर्धेरश्रास्यवहरवश्रा

dakni khyedkyi yongsu zungwé na Because vou embrace me completely

श्चेन्द्र से व्हिम्बा बार्येस बार वित्र वि

sidna mijik semchen penpar gyi I will not fear saṃsāra and will offer to help other beings.

र्बेदा शुः बेवा त्यका यह द्वा तह तह वश्ची हु हैहा।

ngöngyi diklé yangdak dagyid ching The harmful acts I did before are entirely in the past,

श्रेना'स'नाल्बर'णर'श्रुब'कर'शे'नश्रीर'र्ने।

dikpa shyenyang lenched migyid do And from now on, I vow not to do further deeds of harm.

क्रेंद्रमाश्रुअग्गुन्दुः द्वेद्द्रन्यः थी।

tongsum küntu dri nged dangwa yi With perfumes gently permeating throughout a billion worlds,

इं अर्केन् इअषा ग्रीषा श्वा द्वार गृद ग्री भू॥

drichok namkyi tubwang küngyi ku Having the most sublime fragrances, the bodies of all the buddhas,

विश्रमञ्जूरकानर्रे साम्ची र्देरम्बरायासूरा।

serjang tsoma jidor jépa tar Which are like pure, burnished gold,

र्देन् कवाबात्वराचाने नवा बुवाबायराच बी।

ödchak barwa dédak jukpar gyi Gleaming brightly, I anoint. व्य-द्वर्स्सर्केद्वयासर्केवायाधिद्वेदःवत्।

tubwang chödné chokla yi'ong wé
To the mighty sages, excellent recipients of my offering,

शेर् में ना सर्वा र दर स्मू दरा।

métok manda radang pema dang I present lotuses, heavenly mandārava and

खुद्वयायार्सेम्बराई लेसाबस्याउर ५५५॥

utpal lasok drishyim tamched dang Blue utpala flowers, and other scented blossoms,

बेरचक्षेत्रात्मेन्या धेर्द्द्रस्य अगुर्वे अर्केन्।

trengwa pelek yi'ong namkyi chöd Beautifully arranged in brightly colored garlands.

र्श्वेभासकेंगाधिनावर्षेगान्द्रीन-द्राह्मनामाधी।

pöchok yidtrok dri nged khyabpa yi I offer also billowing clouds of incense,

वर्वायते श्रुवि र्क्ववाया इस्राया गुराने ता न्त्राया

dukpé trintsok namkyang déla ul Whose sweet aroma captivates the mind,

ল্মান্ত্ৰমান্ত্ৰদেবুদুৰু ইনিমান্ত্ৰমান্ত্ৰী

shyalzé zatung natsok chépa yi And a rich feast of plentiful food and drink,

ख्र.यप्र्याः इसमा. मेर. दे.ज. देये. य. य. य.च. मेर. वि.च. य. य.च.ची।

**Ihashö namkyang déla ulwar gyi** Fit to grace the tables of the gods.

ग्रेश्रेस्कु:यूर्क्र्रार्क्रस्तु:दूरस्य थे।।

sergyi pema tsardu ngarwa yi Rows of perfectly arranged, golden lotus-shaped

रेब केब क्रेंब से इसका गुर न्वुय नर नशी।

rinchen drönmé namkyang ulwar gyi Precious lamps, I also offer.

शःम्बि नश्रूरम् र्श्वेशः श्रीशः श्रुम् शायः देर।।

sashyi tarwa pökyi jukpa der Upon smooth, incense-sprinkled ground,

भे रेन भेरतेंद्र सेवास न्यूस पर न्यूस

métok yi'ong silma drampar gyi I scatter petals of attractive flowers.

म्बल्यासन्दिः चरानक्षेत्रम्बर्याधन्तिरः ख्रा।

shyalméd podrang tödyang yi'ong den Divine palaces resonanting with songs of praise,

सु:हेवा:देद:केद:क्वुदायध्रदास्थाःतवरःव।।

mutik rinchen gyenchang dzébar wa And gleaming with precious pearls and pendant gems,

न्यम् प्यम् द्रम् स्वास्त्रित् कुर् सुर ने न्या गुरा।

pakyé namkhé gyengyur dédak kyang The most beautiful structures in the whole of space—

बुवाश हेते रर नविद उद या न्युय नर नवी।

tukjéi rangshyin chenla ulwar gyi All this I offer to the ones characterized by compassion. रेब केब न्नर्मायायार्ट्य नायार की प्यान उद्या

rinchen dukdzé sergyi yuwa chen Jewel-encrusted parasols with handles made of gold

व्रस्तियाः भिष्यः की देशारा लारे प्रस्टा सभीवा।

khoryuk gyengyi nampa yi'ong gyen And fringes all embellished in ornate designs,

र्वित्रकालेग्राकान्त्राम् स्थानाम् स्थाना

yiblek tana dukpa drengwa yang Turned upright, well proportioned, and pleasing to the eye,

ह्ना हु बुन द्वर हुसस्य या द्वया वर वर्षी।

taktu tubwang namla ulwar gyi Now and forever, I offer to all the buddhas.

नेत्यमान्वमायाः सर्वेन पतिः वैनिमा

**délé shyenyang chödpé tsok** May a multitude of other offerings,

र्रेल से न्हरमा स्नुद धिन्तेर ख्वा।

rolmo yangnyen yi'ong den Accompanied by music, sweet to hear,

श्रेयश्चर स्वाप्तस्य श्रेयाचे द्रपदी।

semchen dukngal simjéd pé Which soothes the pains of living beings,

श्चैव द्रमम र्मे स्ट्रिय विष श्चिय हिन

trinam sosor négyur chik Be made in great successive clouds. 5<sup>8</sup> र्स केंश दर्गे द सकेंग वस्त्र र र र र ।।

damchö könchok tamched dang Upon all the jewels of the noble dharma,

शक्र्य. देव. देश वा. रेट. मी. या श्वी वा वा ता।

**chörten namdang kuzuk la** Sacred monuments and images,

रेव केव से हेंग त्य सेंग्रास्त्रा

rinchen métok lasok char May rains of precious gems and flowers

क्रुवाक्षेत्रकर्यस्यवयः धरार्वेगा

gyünmi chedpar babpar shok Shower down in never-ending streams.

हे क्षेत्र प्रदश्च र विद्या या स्वी

jitar jamyang lasok pé Just as Mañjughoṣa and the others

मुयान इसमाया सर्हे न सर्दिन्य।

gyalwa namla chödzed pa Made offerings to all the victorious ones,

नेपलेब प्रम्यायीय नेपलेब यानेयाया।

déshyin dakgi déshyin shek Likewise, I too will make offerings to those thus gone,

सर्वेद'र्य'श्रूष'५८'चठष'इसष'सर्केद्रा।

gönpo sédang chénam chöd And all their bodhisattva heirs. र्षेत्र:हत् कुं अर्कें इसरायाय निन्गा

yönten gyatso namla dak Those with oceans of good qualities I honor

वर्षेत्-त्वस्याय्यन्यन्त्रः सर्द्ध्याय्षेत्।।

tödyang yenlak gyatsö töd With vast oceans of melodious praise.

वर्रेन्न्बर्यःक्ष्र्रःश्चेरन्न्याया।

tödyang nyentrin dédak la May clouds of sweet and gentle praise to them

देशःसरःगीषः १. एवीरः वीरः श्वी।

ngépar küntu jungyur chik Unceasingly ascend.

न्नो'न'वर्ने'धेश सुर'नु'नन्ना

géwa diyi nyurdu dak Through this merit, may I quickly

रेनविष-चनेन्यश्यः त्य्युच त्य्युरः द्या।

déshyin shekpa drubgyur né Accomplish the tathāgatha, and through that,

वर्ते च विवागुरस्य सुराया

drowa chikyang malü pa May all beings, without exception,

देखे अया वर्षे द्यार विवा

**déyi sala gödpar shok** Be established at that level. र् चर्नम्नेन्यश्रमान्यमागुरान्तीः श्रम्भानस्रीराहरा।

déshek séché küngyi tukyéd dang In the manner of all the buddhas and their heirs' enlightened intentions,

यह्रेत.सूर्यात्मात्मिष्यम् स्थान्यम्

dzedpa mönlam khyentsé nüpé tsul Activity, aspirations, wisdom, love, and capacity,

मु से द्यो मेरा ह्यु त्य सुता हे तर् राया

laméd yéshé gyutrul chidra wa However their unsurpassable wisdom manifests,

नेतर्वित्ररावित्ररावन्वार्थिवाशात्रश्चरावरार्भेवा।

dédra khonar daksok gyurwar shok May I and every other being also come to be exactly as they are! ह्येर तर्जे तक्या केता परिया यी सेयम बीय हि हूंबर तहेरे या यहरे तर देव ता रेट । सक्य मूं त्या हूंबर प नेर्स्य शियधियोत्रात्त्र भें ता पूर्य क्रिया होया राष्ट्र मारा १८ १३ व सूर क्षेत्र हो भी व हि मारा हो हो हो हो हो है। તર્ર ખુંત્ર શું. ૨૨.૨ . ચોરુ ને ખૂર્ચા તર કી રિયા શૈય . ટે. ફ્રેય. ત. છે ને શ્રીય ક્ર ક્ષેત્ર ક્ષેત્ર સંચાય ત્ર ક્ષેત્ર ન છે ને શ્રીય ક્ષેત્ર સંચાય ત્ર ક્ષેત્ર સંચાય ત્ર ક્ષેત્ર સંચાય ત્ર नक्ष्याक्षी रीयाचीश्वराची यरयाचीयारेर विराक्षेत्रा श्वरायार क्षेत्र स्ताक्ष्य ची क्षेत्रा स्वराया स्वराया हिया શુ.ત્રાલુંના ત્રવુ. વૈદ્ય- જીવ. છી. શુજાય કર્યું તું કુવું . ત્યા તરુવ : ક્ર્યું ને ત્યા કુવે . ત્યા કુવે . જેવા શુજાય કેવા કુવે . ત્યા ત્યા કુવે . ત્ ર્શ્કુન્યઃશ્કુઃન્ડા હન્યરહ્યાં સૂત્રાનો ક્યાયલું રાયા કે તુયા તુ નર્સન પ્યાન ત્યાયલું રહેવા ધાર્ન ત્યાયલું કે जमाद्वीराश्चार्क्ष्वातरायश्चीरायासर्नेत्रासाद्वात्वात्वात्वात्वात्वा मेरिन्तुः नम्भवायते वात्वात्वात्वात्वात्व चमुचारा चर क्ष्या संस्था निर्देश के साम क्ष्या निर्देश का साम क्ष्या निर्देश की साम क्ष्या निर्देश की साम क्ष्य दश्याम् क्रिक् में क्रियाया से न्यर तर्ह्य केर त्यया ही ख्रीयाया बस्या कर हिर या नरा स्वाया यश्चित या व नवोवाबारासकेबायर बुनायर त्युर रें लेबानेबारन की वर्षेत्र पृष्ठी दारायी ने कुर दालेबारा ने केर जमानीश्वराज्ञेरः। यगायः वाषदः जमानाग्रीरः वार्षद्वराजदे जमानाग्रीया वार्षे वार्षा वार् વર્જીન હિતુ. તર . રે. કે જા. તપુ. ક્રિયા. ત. કશજા. જેને . કેન્. તર . હિંદી જા. તા. તા. તા. તા. તા. તા. તા. તા. बैदा देनवेबरम्भेगवायस्यमुण्यः स्वराधिकः स्वर्धेदः सेन्द्रयः सङ्गेदः दुन्यस्वरूपः स्वर्धा । ददः सम्बर्धेदः सः ददः बिः स्वर्णः बी,रेल,उब्रेर,ज,इ,केर,वर्ड्स,तपु.क्ल,डीर,नें,वचरे,तर,बीपु। विश्व,त,पर्न,धु,वश्चित्वश्चिर,बीपु, अहूर्यात्ररात्रम्यात्रम् व्यक्षेत्रपद्धवात्रहूर्यात्रम् वयात्रमा प्रमानवात्रम् वर्षात्रम् वर्षात्रम् वर्षात्रम लुन.ज.यहवाबारापु.कुंट.ने.कुं.कर.लर.नेत्र्य.पुर.कुं.कुंन.यबा.क्षेंज.तपु.क्षें.यहवाबा.कुंन.तपुं.कुंन.ज. सूर्राहे। रेदःक्रेदःदरःद्रांस्यायायाःवियायतेष्ट्राष्ट्रयाणेःस्रेयाद्रःद्रायाः बर-वी-पगायापञ्जीयापायापाइदेव वया। क्रेंद्राया अक्रेंवाया औद्धीन प्रति निर्मा होता होता निर्मायाद्य क्रिया ह्या यपु.शुर.श्र्यायहुर्यातार्वेणियु.हुर्यायहेया.शु.स्रायह्मारविर्या.मी.सर्षूया क्रि.हु.हायसर हिया.मी.हु.ध्र्या લેય.ક્ષૂત્રાય.યુ.ર.વેયુ.શ્રીર.રી પીય.કંય.જૈયાય.દી.યાયર.ક્ષુત્ય.ક્ષ્ય.ક્ષ્ય.ક્યે.તુ.ક્ષે.તુ.ક્ષે.તુ.ક્ષે.તુ.તાર.ક્ષ્ય.તમીર.તા. चीयःतरः यञ्जीशःतः पर्देशः ग्रारः यक्षेषः एज्ञीं सार्यवः यः अन् । दिन्यः विद्यः यः विद्यः विद्यः पर्दाः । विद्याः विदे सर्वर वृत्र देश देश द्री वी तर्जे न इसका ग्री क्षित तर हुंद ता वियान यु त्यर तुर ही द क्षित सर्वे दर्भा या खेर या सर्देव:र्:यह्वा:धर:बुर:डेवा।॥

In general, whatever you are doing, whether it is moving, walking, sleeping, or sitting, you should constantly remember the Buddha. Even at night when you go to sleep, consider that the radiance of the Buddha's form illuminates the whole of space in every direction, lighting it up as brightly as during the day. At all times, emulate the buddha's actions from the moment he first generated the mind of awakening and follow the example of the buddhas and great bodhisattvas of the past, present and future. Maintain your commitment to precious bodhicitta, without ever allowing it to waver. in general, exert yourself as much as possible in the bodhisattvas' conduct, and in particular, in the practices of samatha and vipasyanā, in order to to make the freedoms and advantages of this human existence meaningful. It is said in several sūtras that merely hearing the name of our teacher, the Buddha, ensures that one will gradually progress along the path to great enlightenment, without ever falling back. It is also said that the dhāraṇī revealed above is the source of all the buddhas. Through the force of discovering this dhāraṇī the King of Śākyas himself attained enlightenment, and Avalokitesvara became supreme among all the bodhisattvas. Through simply hearing this dhāraṇī, a vast accumulation of merit will easily be gained and all karmic obscurations will be purified; when reciting it obstacles will not occur. This has been tauaht in the abridaed Praiñāpāramitā. Other teachinas say that by reciting this dhāraṇī only once, all the harmful actions you have committed throughout eight hundred thousand kalpas will be purified. The teachings say that it possesses boundless qualities such as these and is the sacred heart-essence of Buddha Śākyamuni. The way to generate faith and exert oneself in the practices of samatha and vipasyanā is explained elsewhere.

The intention to compose this text first arose due to the persistent encouragement of Ön Orgyen Tenzin Norbu, a holder of the treasury of threefold training who accompanied his request with an offering of auspicious substances. More recently the same Ön Rinpoche sent Tulku Jikmé Pema Dechen, bringing gifts of gold and other auspicious substances, saying, "Please finish it quickly." At the urging of these two great masters, I, Mipham Jamyang Gyatso, a follower of Śākyamuni who has unshakeable faith in the supreme teacher and is a dharma teacher in name only during this final age, composed this at Phuntsok Norbüi Ling at the foot of Mount Dza Dorje Penchuk. It was completed on the eighth day of the Month of Miracles in the year of the Iron Rat.

May the teachings and beings benefit continuously on a marvellous scale, and may all who see, hear, think of, or come into contact with it in any way, truly receive the incomparable blessings of our teacher, the Lord of Sages.

Edited and compiled by Damchö Rinchen based on the translation by Rigpa Translations, with reference to existing versions by Tulku Thondup Rinpoche and the Padmakara Translation Group.

#### **ब्धावादयः यह्रदास्याः सर्हेर् यत्यायः स्ता**

## Homages and Offerings to the Sixteen Arhat Elders Composed by Pandita Shakyashri of Kashmir

लचा.शर्षुज्य.केंत्र.शकेत्र.द्रवे.कुवे.मैव.मीवा.कींवा

laktil tarnyam rinchen gyengyi tré In the middle of ground as even as the palm of a hand,

र्षेव् ने ने र सु अर्देश न मुन्य पर र र मिले रे न नु र ।

jönshing chutsö gyenpé sashyi ü Adorned with jewels, trees, and lakes,

रेब केब यथा सुन मालय से द सु मले था।

rinchen lédrub shyalméd drushyi pa Is a precious four-cornered [palace] with four entrances.

pema nyidé gyenpé denteng du On lotus, sun, and moon seats within,

विवाशहरास्त्रं स्वानुतानुतानुतानुतानुतानुतानुतानुतान्त्र

tukjé tsödpé dükyi dulja nam Reside the compassionate protector of beings, the one

इस में वायस वायमें द्रास देन वर्षे चरित्र में द्रा

namdrol lamla gödzed drowé gön Who sets beings of these troubled times on the path to liberation,

श्च-पासर्केना-५८-नादशानहत्रकेतार्था हुसारा

tubpa chokdang néten chenpo nam Supreme Śākyamuni, and the great elders.

वर्वेर:दर:वड्य:य:वाद्य:वदेर:वावेव्यः सु:व्येव्या

khordang chépa nédir sheksu sol Together with your retinues, now come to this place, we pray! र्द्वेन्य नर्दुते कुण न स्थल नरुष प्रस्थ र दूर ।।

chokchü gyalwa séché tamched dang All victorious ones of the ten directions and heirs,

मेश रच से त्वरहें के से रश सकें स्नेसश मेर।

shérab mébar nyönmong tsokem shing Who dried the ocean of negative emotions with wisdom fire

इस में यानर्भे द्वस्य विद्यु नगाय र्थे द्या।

namdrol södnam shyingdu kadöd pa
And await the Buddha's command in the field of the merit of complete liberation,

र्धेनायानदुते कुर र्वेयान्ने तन्तु नत्तु नाया र्यात्र किया।

chokchü nyentö gendün shyukso tsal All shravaka sanghas who reside in the ten directions,

ल्य मुरामक्र नाय वारमा मानिया मानिया

yönjor chödpé nésu chendren na Since you are invited to this place, well arranged with offerings,

तर्वे नते देव द्वीर सकेंद्र ग्रीय न्विन्य स्यानिक स्थान

drowé dönchir chödkyi sheksu sol Made for the benefit of sentient beings, please come here!

drowé gönpo shākya sengé yi The protector of beings, the Lion of the Śakyas,

सरस्य मुस्र नसूर्य या या रची सुना मु नवना

sangyé tenpa gangi chaktu shyak Entrusted his teachings in your hands.

यश्चरःस्यःदेवःकेवःक्षेत्राक्षेः।यःविद्यदे।।

sungrab rinchen dromgyi khajéd pé You who open the precious vessel of the Buddha's words, न्यानर्डेस न्वर्यानहरा हेर में नत्वाय से तर्हिया।

drachom néten chenpo shyukso tsal Great arhat protectors of the dharma, please be seated.

न्यार्क्याश्चेतायतेश्चन्तुन्तुश्चरत्रदेवाव।।

damchö pelwé ledu chendren na Since we invite you to spread the sublime dharma

तर्वे नते दें दें ही रसकें द में अ न ने न अ स् न के ला।

drowé dönchir chödkyi sheksu sol With these offerings made for the benefit of sentient beings, please come here!

व्याप्याचनात्रवर्ष्ट्रेयाच्यूवापत्रः मुलासक्यावर्ष्ट्रवा।

tubpé kagö tenpé gyaltsen dzin You who were instructed by the Buddha to uphold the victory banner of the teachings—

यदायनात्र वृत्दर्दर्यायस्य द्याचार्यात्र याद्या।

yenlak jungdang mapam nakna né Aṅgaja, Ajita, and Vanavāsin,

तुश्रास्त्र हें हे से ते तु नवर से न्रा

düden dorjé möbu zangpo dang Kālika, Vajrīputra, and Śribhadra,

ग्रोरचेतुःइःरङ्गुः धंग्रोरः उत्रसर्केग्।

serbeu bhara dodza serchen chok Kanakavatsa and supreme Kanakabhāradvāja,

तसम्बन्धाः चामा त्यान्य द्वामा व्यवस्ति ।

pakpa baku ladang drachen dzin The noble Bakula and Rāhula,

त्रश्चित्र हु र द्वु र है न से न से स्थान

lamtren bhara dodza södnyom len Kṣudapanthaka and Piṇḍolabhāradvāja, यस नम्भन सुनि में ने नुने न से नुने न से नि

lamten lüdé bédjéd michéd pa Panthaka, Nāgasena, Gopaka, and Abhedya—

तर्वे नते देव क्षेत्र सकेंद्र ग्री अ न ने न अ स् न केंग।

drowé dönchir chödkyi sheksu sol

Since we make these offerings for the benefit of sentient beings, please come here!

सर्यान्दरायो मेवासुदार्स्य वायायरया सुवागुरा।

pangdang yéshé püntsok sangyé kyang Even though you are enlightened with perfect renunciation and pristine wisdom,

गर्या चुते द्वरं वीश कुर वेश र्स्या वहें व किरा

duljé wangi nyentö tsuldzin ching You have taken the form of śrāvakas for the sake of beings.

ত্ত্বদ্ৰহন্তৰ ক্ৰী শ্বৰ অৰ্থ ক্ৰৰ শ্ৰুদ্ৰি হবনী

khedpar chengyi trinlé chökyong wé You, whose extraordinary activity protects the Dharma,

यान्यायहर्षायञ्ज्ञात्र्यायद्भः व्याप्यायहर्षाया

**néten chudruk dirjön denla shyuk** The sixteen elders, please come here and be seated.

वदेन्नेवेन्रबानगदासुरान्दिरसर्द्रानसूत्रारासुरा।

déshek kalung tsordzed tenpa sung

You protect the Dharma according to the primary command of the Sugata,

रर-र्देब-र्देर-ब्रबान्यविर-चनिःब्रम्बाब-र्क्य-द्या

rangdön dorné khorwé naktsal du

Abandoning your own welfare and remaining in the jungle of samsara.

### गलदार्देदासूरासर्दर्गाद्यान्द्रदान्युःद्वार्धा।

shyendön lhurdzed néten chudruk po You sixteen elders who assidously strive for the purpose of others,

न्यान्यस्य श्रुवासा हेते न्यर वीसावादसा तर्र रावानेवासा।

damché tukjé wangi nédir shek Come here through your own commitment and compassion.

न्नो नक्षेत्र सुन्यान्य विताननेत पति स्वा क्रताया

gényen kyabsöl denpé tsiknyen pa Upasakas who have taken refuge and listen to words of truth,

न्ग्रीब्रासकेंग्राम्बुसान्तीःब्रच्यायन्त्रीस्सकेशार्थायकेषा

könchok sümgyi shyab dring chiso tsal And all those who serve the Three Jewels,

चर्केन्द्रम्था देव केव स्थित रुक्षुव वहेव वा।

södnam rinchen lingdu chendren na Since we invite you to this sacred place of precious merit

त्र्यो नते देव दीर अर्के द गीश न भेगश सु गर्शे गा

dröwé dönchir chödkyi sheksu sol With these offerings made for the benefit of sentient beings, please come here!

सर्व्दरमासेन्यस्य निरा

tsungméd tawé mi ngom shing Irresistable to gaze upon, your incomparably

योश्याम्याः अर्थेयाः अर्थेयाः स्थानित्रः

sergyi dokchen dzépé ku Beautiful golden-colored body

बलाम्डेमासुमामहेषास्रुतामुस्यस्य ब्राम्या

shyalchik chaknyi kyiltrung shyuk With one face and two hands, sitting crossed-legged,

### यान्त्रें रासक्रमान्त्रवा सर्दर्धना तर्क्या।

sanön nyamshyak dzedchak tsal

Displays the earth-touching mudra in meditation—to you we prostrate.

श्चायते भुं कें नहत्य प्रान्य।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang

Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वश्रेष्यः मुश्रायम् वीष्यं वीषा र्से वश्रा

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish. यदशरेकेंदर्भे हैं से त्या

gangri chenpo tisé la

On great Mount Kailash

यस्त्राम्यानाम् मान्यस्य प्रमानाम्यस्य

pakpa néten yenlak jung Resides the exalted elder Angiraja

न्या वर्षे अः क्रेंटर्ट्र खुअ वर्षे अ वर्षे र।।

**drachom tongdang sumgyé kor**Surrounded by one thousand three hundred arhats.

र्सूस.स्र.इ.लय.५हूब.सैय.५क्जा।

pöpor ngayab dzinchak tsal To you holding an incense pot and fan, we prostrate.

मुः अते भुं कें चह्र व पार्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वस्वायाः कुषायम् द्वीवा द्वीवार्क्षे वया।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Angiraja was an immensely wealthy householder who gave away all his wealth seven times. He realized his riches only caused jealousy and dispute. Distributing everything he had, he asked the Buddha for ordination and joined the sangha, later becoming an arhat.

Angiraja now dwells on Mount Kailash with a retinue of 1,300 arhats. On this sacred mountain the Buddha explained the law of karma, setting beings of all realms onto the path of liberation.

He holds a fly whisk and an incense bowl; smelling the incense or touching the fly whisk grants the sweet fragrance of shila (self discipline) which liberates beings from all manner of emotional pain. इर्रोदर्श्यानेयर्देशवा।

**drangsong riyi shelngö na**On the crystal slope of the mountain of sages

तसम्बारा मानुबा महत्रा सवा या।

pakpa néten mapam pa Resides the exalted elder Ajita,

न्या पर्डे अ प्रमु : स्या यहिया वी अ प्रमूर।।

**drachom gyatrak chikgi kor** Surrounded by one hundred arhats.

विया याद्वेश सद्भाग स्वा सर्म्य या स्वर्मा

chaknyi nyamshyak dzedchak tsal To you whose two hands rest in meditation, we prostrate.

त्रुः अत्रेः क्रुं कें चह्रदाय द्रा।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

नष्ट्रदायामुकायम्बिदावीकार्क्रेनका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

At his birth Ajita had all the signs of great virtue. He and the daughter of King Prasenajit fell in love. Even though he was a commoner, Ajita gradually proved his worthiness to the king and they were married.

The Buddha explained that in a past life they had made offerings to the Buddha Vipashyin, who predicted that in a future life they would marry and then be attracted to the religious life. Ajita and his wife cut-off all worldly attachment and joined the sangha. Ajita became celebrated as the most meritorious of the Buddha's disciples.

He now dwells on Drang-Song (the hermit-sage mountain), with one hundred arhats. Seeing Ajita with his hands in the meditation mudra gives the ability to enter into meditation with moral perfection; he grants protection and steadfast devotion to practice.

र्भे अ मनुब भने रे सुमा बा।

loma dunpé ripuk na In the cave of Mount Saptaparna

तस्यायायायाय्यायह्रवाव्यायायायाया

pakpa néten nakna né Resides the exalted elder Vanavāsin,

न्या पर्देश क्रेंटर्ट्र पति पत्ति श पर्के र।।

**drachom tongdang shyigyé kor** Surrounded by one thousand four hundred arhats.

क्रीन्य अर्द्धन र . यन त्र हें ब्रुवा तर्क्या।

dikdzub ngayab dzinchak tsal

To you pointing a threatening forefinger and holding a fan,
we prostrate.

मुः अदेः भुः कें नहत्यः ५८।।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

नष्ट्रदायाः मुकायम् द्विदाग्रीकार्क्रे नका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Vanavāsin was a learned scholar of the Vedas who became an ascetic in the forest and attained a certain level of realization. Knowing it was the right time to convert him, the Buddha came to the grove where he lived. Upon seeing the Buddha he was immediately filled with faith. He then listened to the dharma, studied and practiced with great devotion and attained the level of arhat. The Buddha said that amongst those who dwell in solitude, Vanavāsin is the most excellent.

With a retinue of fourteen hundred arhats he dwells in the mountain cave of Saptaparni in Rajagriha, India. He has the power to counteract the effect of actions opposed to the Three Jewels; praying to him protects from distraction and leads to the fulfilment of all wishes.

वावशासकेंवा द्याय बदश हो द्वा।

néchok dampa zangling na

In the supremely sacred land of Tamradvipa

तसम्बार्याम्बर्यामहब्द्रम्यास्वरह्या

pakpa néten düden ni Resides the exalted elder Mahākālika,

न्यानर्डेबार्ड्य-द्र-कियानक्कियानर्जीय।

drachom tongdang chikgyé kor Surrounded by one thousand one hundred arhats.

योश्रम्भी इसे स्टिस्स्य स्वाप्तर्था।

**sergyi nagor dzinchak tsal**To you holding the golden earrings, we prostrate.

त्रुः अदेः श्रुं कें नह्रद्याः न्रा।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षद्रयामुक्षायरविदावीकार्क्रेवका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Instructed in the classical studies from an early age, he became a learned scholar, and then joyfully took up the dharma becoming the attendant of Arhat Aniruddha. When he came of age, he became a full bhikshu; then devoting himself to meditation he became an arhat. Out of gratitude to the Buddha he resolved to follow his example by dedicating himself to helping all beings. Keeping nothing for himself he dwelt in cemeteries living on discarded food and clothing. With one thousand arhats he now lives in Tamradvipa (Sri Lanka).

Mahākālika holds a pair of golden earrings. Through seeing them practitioners become able to penetrate the illusion of samsara and renounce it. Praying to him develops compassion and the ability to set others on the right path.

श्रीक्षात्यायी मुद्राद्वा देश

singa layi lingna ni

In Simhaladvipa

ग्रद्यानहर्ने हें हें खें खें नु।

néten dorjé moyi bu

Resides the exalted elder Vajrīputra,

न्या चर्डेस क्रेंट स्वा वाडेवा वीष चर्ने र।।

**drachom tongtrak chikgi kor** Surrounded by one thousand great arhats.

क्रेंग्रथःसर्द्र्यःइ त्यायः त्रहें क्ष्यां त्रक्ता।

dikdzub ngayab dzinchak tsal

To you pointing a threatening forefinger and holding a fan, we prostrate.

मुःसतेः सुःकें चह्रवः यः न्रः।।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang

Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षवातः मित्रात्रः द्वेषः क्वेत्रः प्रूचित्रा।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob

And the dharma may flourish.

Raised as a prince he became a learned scholar. Upon hearing the dharma from Arhat Katyayana he took lay vows. Eventually he became disillusioned with worldly life and requested full ordination. Later, he was badly treated by the king of another city and in anger he requested to be released from his vows in order to raise an army. Katyayana asked him to wait one more night. That night in a dream Vajrīputra saw what the consequences of his anger would be. He then received further teachings from Katyayana and became an arhat.

Vajrīputra dwells in Sri Lanka with one thousand arhats. He holds a scented fly whisk which confers wisdom and control of the mind. His right hand is in the mudra of dispelling fear. He strengthens concentration and wisdom in those who work for others.

कुर्चे पासु दिने ही दिना

**chuwo yamu néling na** On an island in the Yamuna river

तसम्बार्याम्बर्यामह्दामनदर्याद्वी।

pakpa néten zangpo ni Resides the exalted elder Śribhadra,

न्यानर्डसः द्वेर-दर-देशनमुषानर्द्वार।

**drachom tongdang nyigyé kor**Surrounded by one thousand two hundred arhats.

क्र्यायकर्ष्यक्रयाचल्याः सहर्ष्य्याः यक्षा।

**chöched nyamshyak dzedchak tsal**To you displaying the mudra of teaching dharma in meditation, we prostrate.

म् अदेश्वार्के नहत्यप्रद्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long,

বম্বুর্'ব'র্ক্কুঝ'বহাট্টব্'র্ট্টুঝ'র্কুবঝা

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

While Śribhadra's father served the Buddha's father as a charioteer, he wished for a son to become Prince Gautama's charioteer. Later, when Gautama became the Buddha, he promised that if the father had a son, that son would become a monk. Śribhadra was born and grew up to become a renowned scholar; later, upon hearing of his father's promise, he gladly became a monk. Accumulating merit and practicing with diligence, he became an arhat renowned for his teaching and meritorious actions. He lives on an island in the Yamuna River, a tributary of the Ganges, with twelve hundred arhats.

His right hand is in the dharma-teaching mudra which enables the understanding of compassion and emptiness. His left hand is in the meditation mudra that develops the wisdom of the correct discernment of the paths to overcome habitual patterns.

ग्रदश्रस्त्रक्रम्।त्रःकेदेःस्यूत्रःदःदी।

néchok khaché yulna ni

In the supremely sacred abode of Kashmir

तसम्बाधायाम्बाद्याम्बाद्याम्बाद्या

pakpa néten serbé u Resides the exalted elder Kanakavatsa,

र्या वर्ष्य के वर्षे के वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे

**drachom chenpo ngagyé kor** Surrounded by five hundred great arhats.

रेब केब लगमा पार देव सुगार किया।

rinchen shyakpa dzinchak tsal To you holding a jeweled lasso, we prostrate.

म् अदेश्वार्के नहत्यप्रद्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षेष्त्रः भिषात्रः द्वेषः क्वेषः श्रृंवया।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Kanakavatsa was born to wealthy parents, simultaneously, one of his father's elephants gave birth to a calf that produced gold. As he grew up, he and the elephant calf were constant companions. The king commanded that he give the elephant to him, which Kanakavatsa willingly did. However the elephant always came back to him. Realizing that such wealth only created discord, he sought ordination from the Buddha and joined the sangha, eventually becoming an arhat.

Kanakavatsa dwells in Kashmir on Saffron Hill with five hundred arhats. He holds a chain of precious stones given to him by the nagas, which endows great memory, self-confidence, and wisdom. Those devoted to him will never be separated from their teachers and will be respected by all.

बुनःग्रीःनःयम्ब्रेंद्रवन्दी।

nubkyi balang chödna ni In the western continent of Godānīya

इ.र.इ.इ.चारोर.वर.सक्र्यी

bhara dodza serchen chok Resides the exalted elder Bharadhvaja Kanaka,

र्वा वर्ष्य के दर्श वर्ष वर्ष वर्षेया

drachom chenpo dün gyé kor Surrounded by seven hundred great arhats.

ध्रमा माद्रेश सद्धा मत्रमा सर्दर्धमा तर्क्या।

chaknyi nyamshyak dzedchak tsal To you whose two hands rest in meditation, we prostrate.

श्चायतः श्रुष्टित्वह्रवायः न्दा।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षद्रयामुक्षायरविदावीकार्क्रेवका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Born to a wealthy householder he grew up generous and compassionate, supporting the poor and giving alms to religious persons. Upon hearing the Buddha teach, he disposed of his wealth, giving it to the poor; Requesting his parents' permission, he became a monk. After practicing for some time he became an arhat.

Kanaka dwells on the western continent (Aparagodaniya) with seven hundred arhats. Seeing his hands resting in the meditation mudra helps beings to escape the lower realms and to attain joy and wisdom.

Invoking him opens opportunities to practice the six paramitas and develop along the Mahayana path.

इन्ने झुं से स्रुव व दे।।

jangi drami nyena ni

In the northern continent of Uttarakuru

वसम्बाधायाम्बार्याम्बाराम्बाराम्

pakpa néten baku la Resides the exalted elder Bakula,

<u> न्या पर्वे अ के द में 'न्या प्रकृष पर्वे मा</u>

**drachom chenpo gugyé kor** Surrounded by nine hundred great arhats.

क्षयाः योष्ठेशः बेतुः यो त्यद्देवः स्वयाः त्यस्या।

chaknyi néulé dzinchak tsal To you whose two hands hold a mongoose, we prostrate.

म् अदेश्वार्के नहत्यप्रद्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षेष्त्रतः मीयात्रम् वीषा क्रीया में वया।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And for the dharma may flourish.

Born 70 years before the Buddha, Bakula was first an accomplished scholar and then lived as a wandering ascetic. One day, seated high on a mountain he saw the Buddha passing on the road below. Afraid he would not be able to catch up by following him on the road, he jumped directly from the mountainside but was spared from injury through the power of the Buddha. He requested ordination and joined the sangha. After studying and practicing he became an arhat.

Together with nine hundred arhats, Bakula dwells on the northern continent (Uttarakuru) in a mountain cave. He holds a wealth-bestowing mongoose that has the power to grant the requisites for understanding all of the Buddha's teachings: refinement of the five senses, the ability to attain the six paramitas, understand shunyata, and manifest love and compassion for all beings.

द्ये व्यर्गु थे क्वेरदि दी।

triyang kuyi lingna ni In the land of Priyankudvipa

तसमार्थायात्रमाद्रशामहत्र्युःमाठदःत्रहेत्।।

pakpé néten drachen dzin Resides the exalted elder Rāhula,

न्वानर्डें अर्द्धेर दर केवान क्षेत्रा

drachom tongdang chikgyé kor Surrounded by one thousand one hundred arhats.

द्रव क्रव स्वा लि.यह्रव सिया तक्या।

rinchen trokshyu dzinchak tsal To you holding a precious crown, we prostrate.

श्चायदेश्चीक्र्यंचेश्चर्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षद्रयामुक्षायरविदावीकार्क्रेवका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Rāhula, the Buddha's son, also became the tenth of the sixteen arhats. When he was six years old the Buddha visited his homeland and was greeted by his family. Soon afterwards Rāhula, wishing to be with his father, joined the sangha. He was noted for his diligent study and observance of the Vinaya. When the Buddha was about to enter parinirvana, Rāhula, overcome with grief, begged him to remain, but the Buddha reminded him of the impermanence of all things and assured him he would be guided by all the buddhas for as long as he remained in the world.

He lives in northern India in Priyangudvipa with one thousand arhats.

He holds a diadem which he received from the gods of the Heaven of the Thirty-Three, which carries the blessing to vanquish passion and understand the teachings. Those who pray to him are cared for by the protective deities. He is also known as the dharmapala, Za Rāhula, and one of the eighty-four mahasiddhas.

इ र्केर्स्ट्येंदे रेवें या।

jagö pungpö riwo la

On Mount Grdhrakūţa (Vulture Peak Mountain)

तस्यायारा यावया पहुंब प्रथा स्वत् प्रस्तु

pakpa néten lamtren ten Resides the exalted elder Ksudapanthaka.

न्या वर्षे अर्देर न्दर ह्या वर्षे अप वर्षे र।।

**drachom tongdang drukgyé kor** Surrounded by one thousand six hundred arhats.

ध्रमा महिषा सहसामा सहस्य प्राप्त स्था

chaknyi nyamshyak dzedchak tsal To you whose two hands rest in meditation, we prostrate.

म् अदेश्वार्के नहत्यप्रद्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वस्वायाः कुषायम् द्वीवा द्वीवार्क्षे वया।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And for the dharma may flourish.

As a disciple he was exceedingly dull and stupid; he could not apply his mind or commit to memory even one stanza of doctrine. The Buddha gave him the words, "Get rid of the dust, get rid of the impurities," and told him to sweep the floor as his practice. Eventually he started to think about the meaning of the words and thereby attained realization. The Buddha appointed him to teach the nuns, some of whom were deeply insulted, but he soon led them to great realization through his teaching and miraculous displays.

Kṣudapanthaka lives on Vulture's Peak with one thousand arhats. His hands rest in the meditation mudra, signifying detachment from material values and unshakeable devotion. Invoking him frees one from desire, hatred, and ignorance, the three poisons that predispose beings to suffer.

नरःश्चीःत्युषात्यवाषात्त्रीरःदःदी।

shargyi lüpak lingna ni

In the eastern continent of Purvavideha

इ.र.इ.इ.चर्यर्स्स्र्य्याचेना

bhara dodza södnyom len Resides the mendicant Bhāradhvāja,

न्या पर्वे अ क्रेंट स्वा विश्व वी श वर्भे र।।

**drachom tongtrak chikgi kor** Surrounded by one thousand arhats.

मुग्रम्भान्यासूर्यने द्वार्यक्ष्यायक्ष्या।

lékbam lhungzéd dzinchak tsal

To you holding a volume of scripture and an alms bowl, we prostrate.

श्चायते सुरक्षे चह्रवाय द्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang

Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

यक्षेत्रपास्युकायमञ्जेत्रस्योक्षार्स्त्रका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Born into a family of royal chaplains, he found no meaning in this life. Seeing the gifts and favors that were bestowed on the Buddha's disciples he decided to become a monk. At first he was very greedy, going about with a large alms bowl; however, by following the Buddha's personal advice he conquered his greed and lived strictly on whatever he received, soon becoming an arhat. He constantly showed his gratitude to the Buddha by obeying his words and working only for the benefit of others.

Pindola Bhāradvāja lives in a mountain cave on the eastern continent (Purvavideha) with one thousand arhats. He carries a volume of scripture in his right hand and an alms bowl in his left, which he uses to aid those in the lower realms, conferring wisdom and granting wishes, protecting from misfortune.

क्र.चव्यासुरा दुःस चार्रासा द्वा

**Ihané sumchu tsasum na** In the divine abode of Trayatrimsha

तस्यामान्याम् यात्रमान्यस्य विश्व

pakpa néten lamten ni Resides the exalted elder Panthaka,

न्या वर्षे अः क्रेंटर्ट्र न्यु वर्षे अः वर्क्षेत्र।

**drachom tongdang gugyé kor**Surrounded by one thousand nine hundred arhats.

म्रोग्यायमार्केयातकन्सर्न्ध्यातक्या।

**lekbam chöched dzedchak tsal**To you holding a volume of scripture and teaching dharma, we prostrate.

मुः अदेः भुः कें नहत्यः ५८।।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

नष्ट्रद'य:कुष:यर:ब्रेद:ब्रेश:र्क्रेनशा

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Panthaka is the elder brother of Kşudapanthaka, the eleventh of the sixteen arhats. He was an accomplished scholar with hundreds of students. After listening to a monk explain the Buddha's teaching of interdependent origination he sought ordination, studied, meditated on the teachings, and attained the level of arhat. He then taught the dharma widely.

He dwells in the Heaven of the Thirty-Three together with nine hundred arhats.

With his left hand in the teaching mudra and his right carrying a book, he aids those who earnestly wish to study, practice, and meditate on the Buddha's teachings.

रे'धे'कुष'र्ये'र्दश'णदश'या।

riyi gyalpo ngöyang la On a spacious slope of Mount Meru

तस्यास्यत्यात्रस्य महत्रासुः धे।।

pakpé néten luyi dé Resides the exalted elder Nāgasena,

न्यानर्डसः ब्रेंटर्ट्र हैसान कुरान क्रेंट्रा

**drachom tongdang nyigyé kor**Surrounded by one thousand two hundred arhats.

नुस्रायात्रयम्भेतात्रहेत्युवात्रक्ता।

bumpa kharsil dzinchak tsal To you holding a vase and a walking staff, we prostrate.

त्तुः अते क्षुं के नहत्या ५८।।।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long,

वर्षद्रयामुक्षायरविदावीकार्क्रेवका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Born into a royal family he saw that his future duties might involve him in war and judging others, so he renounced his inheritance, went to the Buddha, and was accepted into the sangha.

He studied the Tripitaka deeply and was renowned for his detachment from the world. In gratitude to the Buddha, he devoted his life to teaching the dharma and helping others to attain realization.

With twelve hundred arhats he dwells on Mt. Vipulaparshva. Nāgasena holds a monk's staff in his right hand and a vase that removes poverty and spiritual deficiencies in his left. Visualizing his staff and listening for the sound of its bells frees the mind from confusion and awakens confidence in the Three Jewels.

रे'षे'कुय'र्य'वे'कु'यर।

riyi gyalpo bihu lar

On the king of mountains, Mount Bihula

तसम्बाधायतीम्बार्याम्बार्येन्द्रीत्वीत्

pakpé néten bédjéd ni Resides the exalted elder Gopaka,

न्या पर्वे अर्देर प्रत्य विष्य मुख्य पर्दे र ।।

drachom tongdang shyigyé kor Surrounded by one thousand four hundred arhats.

स्या ने देश से ने या अपनि स्ति में प्रमानिक स्ति में

chaknyi lékbam dzinchak tsal
To you whose two hands hold a volume of scripture,
we prostrate

मुः अदेः भुः कें नहत्यः ५८।।

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

नष्ट्रद'य:कुष:यर:ब्रेद:ब्रेश:र्क्रेनशा

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

From birth his body was covered with ulcers and sores and he was in constant pain. His parents spared no expense to find a cure for him, but to no avail. One day he went to Jeta Grove, saw the Buddha teaching and bowed to him in wonder. Seeing his condition the Buddha explained the impermanence of all existence. Realizing the implications of this teaching he followed the life of a bhikshu, became ordained, and attained realization. He realized his condition was due to causing another great pain in a previous life.

He lives in a cave on Mt. Bihula with fourteen hundred arhats. Gopaka holds a book showing his dedication to the teachings and his resolve to help others; his blessing endows practitioners with knowledge of the arts and sciences and imparts discriminating awareness, enabling them to teach the dharma.

रे.लु.मु.ज.म्.चरम.छद.जा।

riyi gyalpo gangchen la In the king of mountains, the Himalayas

तसम्बाधायाम्बाद्यामह्दासी क्षेत्रया।

pakpa néten michéd pa Resides the exalted elder Abhedya,

न्यानर्डसः र्रेट्स्यना न्येजा नीयानर्स्रिया

**drachom tongtrak chikgi kor** Surrounded by one thousand arhats.

व्यत्स्त्र अर्केन हे ब लहें ब ख्या लक्षा।

jangchub chödten dzinchak tsal To you holding a Mahabodhi stupa, we prostrate.

यः यदः श्रुः के वहवायान्या

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षद्रयामुक्षायरविदावीकार्क्रेवका।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

Born in a brahmin family he was an exceptionally beautiful child. As a youth he was known for his modesty and compassion with a keen intellect. When he met the Buddha he requested ordination and joined the sangha. Studying and practicing with great energy, he attained realization and became an arhat.

He dwells with one thousand arhats on Mt. Gangchen (Kailash), near Shambhala, north of India. Abhedya holds an enlightenment stupa given to him by the Buddha to overcome negative forces when he went to the land of the yakshas. Those who meditate on it gain fortune and merit, opening the way to realization.

वसवार्थायते द्वो वह्ने दह्न हु।

pakpé genyen dharmata

The exalted upasaka Dharmatāla

रतायतिर्वेद्वरेदशः श्रेवाशावसात्र।

ralpé tödching lékbam khur Carries a scripture on his head, bound to his topknot.

सूर्यः अधयः धरा अरुवः वः चतुर्या था।

nangwa tayé düna shyuk Buddha Amitabha remains in front of him.

इ.लय.येश.त.पहूर्यसेया.पक्षाी

ngayab bumpa dzin chaktsal To you holding a fan and vase, we prostrate.

म् अदेश्वार्के नहत्यप्रद्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वस्वायाः कुषायम् द्वीवा द्वीवार्क्षे वया।

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob And the dharma may flourish.

He is known as a patron of the dharma, attendant of the sixteen arhats, and a manifestation of Avalokiteśvara.

After the Buddha's parinirvana he consoled the lay followers and patrons of the Buddha, assuring them the dharma would be preserved and encouraging them to strive for the highest perfection.

He has great wisdom, spiritual powers, skills, and learning as he carries the scriptures on his back. He also carries a fly whisk and water flask, symbolizing his service to the arhats. With a tiger at his side he protects the sixteen arhats from dangerous animals.

Every day he turns to Buddha Amitabha for guidance.

वर्स्रेद्र'यश'र्वे 'वर्वे श'राश्चर्रेवश'रुद्या

tsönpé gogö tutob chen

Armored with diligence and power,

शरशः मुशः नद्भवः यः येन्। शः श्रुरः न।।

sangyé tenpa lekyong wa

You are the perfect protectors of the Buddhadharma,

नरक्रें स्वाचिरक्षेवाशायवे थी।

sharlho nubjang chokshyi yi

Residing in the four directions: east, south, west, and north.

मुलक्ष्यं महीता सुमात्रक्षार्थे।

gyalchen shyila chaktsal lo

To you, the four great kings, we prostrate.

श्च अदेश्ची कु चहेब तर्रा

lamé kutsé tenpa dang

Grant blessings that the gurus may live long

वर्षेष्.त.मैश.तर.वृष.ग्रीश.पूर्वशी

tenpa gyépar jingyi lob

And the dharma may flourish.

Four gods or deities who live on the lower slopes (fourth level) of Mount Meru in the Heaven of the Four Great Kings and guard the four cardinal directions. Each of them are leaders of a semi-divine class of beings living in their realm. As a result of wishes made during the time of the previous Buddha—Kashyapa—the four guardian kings were reborn in the time of Shakyamuni Buddha. Each uphold and teach the dharma in their own realms, as well as surveying the four directions three times a month, protecting all who uphold the Buddha's teachings. Always ready to protect the dharma, they are surrounded by fire which represents the dynamism of their spiritual wisdom. In the Tibetan Buddhist tradition, representations of the four great kings are placed at the four directions of a closed retreat in order to set the boundaries of the retreat and guard the practitioner(s) from obstacles. They are also often found near the entrances of temples or monasteries.

The Four Great Kings are:

Dhritaṛāṣṭra (Tib. Yulkhor Sung), 'Defender of the Area' in the east

Virūḍhaka (Tib. Pak Kyepo), 'Noble Birth' in the south

Virūpākṣha (Tib. Chen Mi Zang), 'Ugly Eyes' in the west

Vaiśravana (Tib. Namtösé), 'Son of He who has Heard Many Things' in the North

यसम्बाधित्रम्यात्रम्यात्रम्यम्

pakpé gangzak khyédnam la To all of you, the exalted noble beings,

ध्रवात्वर्ष्यासर्हेर् छेर स्वापायान्यवाया

chaktsal chödching dikpa shak We prostrate, make offerings, confess sins,

धियर नम्भूष लिस्म् र्शिष न तर्ने नम्।

yirang kulshying solwa deb

Rejoice [in virtue], request [to grant teachings], supplicate [not to pass away into nirvana],

न्नो'न'वुर'कुन'केब'र्थर'नर्श्री।

géwa jangchub chenpor ngo

And dedicate the virtue for the attainment of great enlightenment.

न्नदःचडुःसदतःचःह्येद्रस्स्रशःग्रीश्रा

wangchu ngawa khyéd nam kyi May you all, possessors of the ten powers,

मुत्य वदे वस्त्र व य द्राय द्राय द्रा

gyalwé tenpa darwa dang Disseminate the teachings of the conqueror,

श्चेद्राचर्याच्याकर् लेखान्द्रा।

**jindak barched shyiwa dang**Pacify the obstacles of the dharma patrons,

श्रेशशास्त्र क्षेत्र मार्श्वर द्वीत स्त्री

semchen dikpa jongdu sol And purify the sins of sentient beings! बरबामीयासीयातायस्योबातपुर्स्यावा।

sangyé trulpa pakpé tsok May the Buddha's emanations, the host of aryas

वर्षेष.त.श्रुर.वदु.जश.शह्रदेशी

tenpa kyongwé lédzed pa Who preserve the Buddha's teachings,

ग्रवशायह्रवाळेवारी त्रावेराचठवाणी।

**néten chenpo khorché kyi**The great exalted elders, along with your retinues,

नक्ष्रत्यः प्युत्रः देदः मात्रशः शुरु हेगा

tenpa yunring négyur chik Cause the teachings to long remain!

श्चीन्यमार्स्मार्स्मार्स्मार्स्मार्स्मार्स्मार्स्मार्

sidlé namdrol nyönmong med Liberated from cyclic existence and having no negative emotions,

बर्द्दरक्षुेक्त्रं के

zedang kyéwa mishé pa Having realized the stages of exhaustion and non-arising,

बि:५८:ईम:ईर:चले:चकु:धी।

tridang druktong shyigya yi May you, the asssembly of sixteen thousand four hundred arhats.

नसूर्यायापुराचेराम्यार्थामुत्राची

tenpa yünring négyur chik Cause the dharma to long remain! चर्रासेसमा ३ व वें मा के व चें ते विता

jangsem nyentö chenpö tsul

The way the bodhisattvas manifested as great shravakas,

यक्षेत्र.क्रींट.जर्ज्य.र्र्व.क्रींव.क्रा.करी।

tenkyong drodön gyünmi ched

Ceaselessly preserving the Buddha's doctrine for the benefit of beings,

न्वो येवाय र्येद मृद्र इस्रय वसेया न।

gélek yönten nampel wa

Increasing prosperity and wholesome qualities—

ग्रदशःचह्रदःकेदःधेदैःचग्रःविशःर्वेग्रा

néten chenpö tashi shok

May the great elders grant us this auspiciousness!

वयः देरः कुः केषः ग्रवेगश्रः यः ये।।

zabching gyachen zikpa po

Those with profound and vast insight:

तीयायप्र्यः बीरारेरायस्योशः श्रीशः स्री

yulkhor sungdang pakyé po

Dhritarashta, Virudhaka,

श्वित्रक्षे.चबर:रेर:ईश.ब्रुश:ब्राथा।

chenmi zangdang namtö sé

Virupaksha and Vaishravana-

मुलक्षेत्र नले थे नग् नेशर्मिग

gyalchen shyiyi tashi shok

May you four great kings grant us auspiciousness!

त्रु से दृत्रु सदे श्रुवा था हे दरा।

laméd lamé tukjé dang
Through the compassion of the unsurpassable guru,

मुल-५८:मुल-अ्र-४८:मुल-५८:।।

gyaldang gyalsé rangyal dang The victors, their heirs, the solitary realizers,

न्यानर्रेम नन्य स्तरि हो बार्स नका ग्रीका।

drachom denpé jinlab kyi And the true blessings of the arhats,

वर्के.व.श्रुष.जश्रायबीय.तर.धूची

**ngowa mönlam drubpar shok**May all the dedications and aspirations be accomplished!

डेब'न्द के पह केद न्यूणु न्यूब'र्स्द प्रम्यानाबार्स्य । ।। Composed by Pandita Shakyashri of Kashmir